

THE BOURBON NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY IN THE YEAR.

VOLUME XXVII

PARIS, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1907.

NUMBER 32

Swell Turnouts.

The two special premiums offered by the H. H. Babcock Buggy Co., through their agents, Yerkes & Kenney, was one of the most hotly contested rings during the fair last week. The condition of the specials was that the horse had to be driven to a Babcock vehicle.

Mr. C. C. Harris, with Ashland Maid, won the first premium and Mr. Shropshire, driving Teddy Roosevelt, landed the second.

This hustling firm of Yerkes & Kenney did much toward the success of the fair. Their display in the two tents of handsome vehicles and farm implements could not have been beaten at any fair in the State.

Railroad Meeting.

The citizens of Moorefield, Nicholas county, and vicinity held a mass meeting in Moorefield school house for the purpose of devising means of raising the bonus which is to be subscribed by Nicholas county to the Carlisle and Olympian Springs railroad. The meeting was one of the most enthusiastic of the series of meetings which have been held in that county. C. S. Templeman was elected chairman. Short talks were made by H. R. Bryson, of Carlisle, and J. R. Shaw, of the Kaufman-Shaw Construction Company, promoters of the road. Mr. Shaw stated that Nicholas county has been asked to subscribe \$35,000 and that the money should not be due until the road shall be completed.

A mass meeting of the citizens of Nicholas county will be held in Carlisle on Saturday, September 14, at which time the bonus for the county is expected to be secured.

A meeting will also be held in Sharpsburg on Saturday, September 14.

Big Suit.

A. G. Patterson, Auditor's Agent, has filed suit against the Louisville Property Company in Bell county for possession of about 50,000 acres of coal lands, alleging that the lands really belonged to the L. N. railroad, and are, therefore, subject to escheat to the State.

Will Run if Pushed.

An intimation that President Roosevelt may be persuaded to run again for the Presidency under certain circumstances, was given out by his son-in-law, Nicholas Longworth, just before he sailed from Honolulu for San Francisco.

"President Roosevelt will not become a candidate for renomination unless the country demands it," he said. He has firmly made up his mind to stick to this course and only a more widespread demand for him to accept the nomination will alter his determination.

200 Doomed to Death.

Two hundred men are believed to be doomed in Las Esperanza mine in Mexico, where they are hemmed in by flames and their only hope is for aid to reach them.

Rescuers have made little headway in reaching the imprisoned men.

The cause is an explosion that is believed to have killed at least twenty-seven miners.

The miners are furious at the management, as this is the second explosion, and precautions have been taken to guard the mine against possible attacks.

Poison Put in Fine Fish Pond.

Some miscreant, whose identity it will be difficult to discover, poisoned the fish in the large pond at L. V. Harkness' Walnut Hall stock farm in Fayette county, on the Newtown pike, and nearly a thousand pounds of dead fish were gathered from the water surface and hauled away Saturday and Sunday.

The pond was well stocked with bass, newlights, bream and other varieties. Hundreds of these fish weighing from a few ounces to five pounds were found floating on the water Saturday morning and an investigation showed that practically all the fish in the pond had been killed.

The supposition is that some person, or persons, who had become offended because they had been refused permission to fish there, had poisoned the water, thus destroying the fish. The pond was too close to the farm house for the miscreants to have used dynamite and the belief is that poison was resorted to. An effort will be made to discover the guilty persons.

Monthly Crop Report.

The monthly report issued by the State Agricultural Department will bring good news to the corn and tobacco growers as well as other farmers. September's report, issued by Commissioner Vreeland says:

"Notwithstanding a very late and unfavorable spring, under favorable weather during the month of August crops are maturing rapidly, and while they are late, unless we have early frosts, the prospects are excellent for a good crop of corn and tobacco. Threshing of all grain is about completed. The yield of wheat was small, averaging ten bushels to the acre for the State, the quality being good."

"The prospects for a full crop of corn is 88 per cent, and the condition of the crop is 91 per cent."

"Fall plowing has progressed nicely in most sections, and the indications are that the usual average of wheat will be sown."

"Some tobacco has been cut and on sticks, but the most of it is still growing, and late plantings are still in danger of early frosts."

"Meadows have yielded an average crop of hay and it has been saved as a rule in good condition. Pastures have been good and all live stock is in fine shape. Hogs are reported scarce and high in some sections."

"Labor is scarce and wages are high all over the State."

Ex-Kentuckian Dies at Washington.

Byron O. Billingsley, 60 years of age, formerly of Lexington, died at 4 o'clock Friday morning in Washington, D. C., of cirrhosis of the spine. The body was brought to Paris for interment, and the funeral was held yesterday.

Byron O. Billingsley was born in Tyler county, Virginia, now West Virginia, and moved to Kentucky during the Civil War. He held a position in the quartermaster's department at Camp Nelson, and at the close of the war accepted a position under Willard Davis, Internal Revenue Collector for this district. Several years later he was given a position in the Treasury Department of the United States Government by Secretary Ben H. Bristow and was one of a committee of three to destroy and macerate recalled paper money, which is done twice a week.

He married Miss Eliza Burbridge, of Bourbon county. He is survived by five children, his wife, a sister, Mrs. May Stanley, of Middlesboro, W. Va., and George Billingsley, of Lexington.

Mr. Billingsley was a very able man, and was popular with all his associates. He was an expert accountant, possessing the rare faculty of adding four columns of figures simultaneously in the same time that an ordinary person adds one column.

Mansfield Left \$10,000.

The will of Richard Mansfield, who died a week ago, was filed for probate Saturday in New York.

It bequeaths all the property, real and personal to his widow, Susan Hageman Mansfield, and also appoints her executrix.

Mrs. Mansfield was known to the theatre-going public as Beatrice Cameron.

Her attorney stated that the personal property of the estate amounted to \$10,000 and that there was no real estate.

Twelve Killed.

The Chicago-Minneapolis flyer on the Rock Island railroad was wrecked near Norris, Ia., and twelve persons were killed and twelve injured. The passenger train left the rails and crashed into a freight which was standing on a side track. The injured were taken to Waterloo, Ia., and placed in a hospital.

Million Dollar Failure.

One of the worst failures in the financial world in recent years is that of the Boney-Cragan Lumber Company, of Lexington, with liabilities of about \$125,000 and \$100,000 assets. The startling feature is the involving of the Clearfield Lumber Company, of Clearfield, Tenn.; Fincastle Lumber Company, Tuthill & Patterson Manufacturing Company, of Cincinnati, O., footing up nearly a million dollars liability.

Involuntary petitions in bankruptcy have been filed against all these concerns in the United States Court of Cincinnati, Covington and Frankfort. They have paper in banks from Maine to California and from the Gulf to the Lakes and scores of lawyers have been employed in the proceedings.

LATEST NEWS.

The Great Council of Redmen met in Norfolk, Va., yesterday.

The Krupps are constructing 30 12-inch guns for Japanese battleships.

A strike of 630 telegraph operators on the Cincinnati Southern Railway is threatened.

A hailstorm at Richmond and vicinity almost destroyed the growing tobacco crops.

A pearl weighing 75 grams and valued at \$1,500 was found in White River, Indiana.

The Southern Cotton Association has fixed 15 cents as the minimum price for cotton.

The Kentucky Anti-Saloon League is arranging for a big rally in Lexington on October 20th.

The famous Cliff House, a noted landmark of the Pacific coast, burned at San Francisco Saturday night.

A terrific hailstorm at Paoli, Ind., demolished everything out of doors and killed poultry and even hogs and cattle.

The passers of spurious money both specie and currency, have been particularly busy in Louisville and Cincinnati of late.

The English end of the Tobacco Trust has engaged American counsel and will join vigorously in the defense of the Government's suit against it.

Congressman Theodore E. Burton, Chairman of the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors, was nominated by acclamation for Mayor of Cleveland at the Republican City Convention Saturday. Mayor Tom Johnson will be his opponent.

NEW FALL JEWELRY.

Just received an elegant line of Fall Jewelry, including all the latest novelties of the season. It will pay you to call and look over these beautiful goods.

3-2t SHIRE & FITHIAN.

Convention of Osteopaths.

Dr. Martha Petree returned Thursday from a two weeks' trip through the east, including Jamestown, New York City and Washington City. While at Jamestown she attended the National Convention of Osteopaths, she being the delegate to that body from the Kentucky Association. The Convention was well attended, there being representatives from most of the United States and from Canada.

The first morning of the Convention the osteopaths were formally welcomed at the Inside Inn by the Governor of Virginia. Thursday was a day set aside by the Governor of Virginia. Thursday was a day set aside by the Exposition Managers as Osteopathy Day, and in the afternoon of that day an informal reception was given in the Virginia Building.

Next year the National Convention will be held in Kirksville, Missouri, the home of founder of the science, Dr. A. T. Still. The meeting will also commemorate the eightieth birthday of the "Old Doctor," as he is familiarly called.

At Kirksville is located the oldest and largest of the osteopathic colleges. The Alumni of that college, of which Dr. Petree is Secretary, will, during the year, employ a well known New York artist to go to Kirksville and paint a portrait of Dr. Still, which will be formally presented to the college at the convention.

A Watermelon Story.

An exchange tells of a farmer in a neighboring county, who, one spring, had left on his hands several barrels of slightly soured sorghum molasses. He planted a large patch of watermelons, and just to be projecting, poured about a quart of the molasses in each hill. The result was, he raised the largest and finest flavored melons ever raised in this or any other county. People came for miles to sweeten their tooth on the famous melons.

McCreary's Opinion.

In an interview at Washington Senator McCreary said that the entire Democratic ticket from Governor to Commissioner of Agriculture will be elected. When asked about the presidential race he said although it is early, Democrats are discussing the contest with much interest. He gave it as his opinion that Kentucky would cast her votes in the nominating convention in 1908 and at the November election for William Jennings Bryan, and he said many Kentuckians were in favor of a Southern man for Vice President.

Small Pox.

Dr. J. I. Whittenburg, superintendent of the Eruptive Hospital, at Louisville, in his annual report Friday morning, advocates that all children, as soon as they are born be vaccinated and says that he believes that a law requiring such vaccination ought to be established. Dr. Whittenburg says that in all of his superintendency of the hospital, which has been for the last five years, of all the persons vaccinated at the hospital, none have died of small pox. He says that if children are vaccinated young they will suffer little or no pain from the serum and will be free from all danger from smallpox.

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James' Talk.

What If

The Clothes you used to know in ready-to-wear places weren't your sort—just as logical to stop night travel now, because your grandfather only knew day coaches.

College Brand Clothes

Made in New York City

have changed the old order of things—They're styled even ahead of merchant tailoring. And as for the fit—why there isn't a bad curve in your figure or a flattened spot or a bulging joint that can disturb it. In the beginning only young chaps wore them, then older men caught on to their betterness, and the chance to move Times hands back to youth again.

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Dunlap Shoes \$5 to \$7.

Dr. Reed's Cushion Shoes \$5.

"Korrek Shape" Shoes \$4.

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More Than \$25,000 in Prizes!

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Trotting, Pacing, Running Races Daily!

An amusement program running way into thousands of dollars, united with an exhibition plan never before attempted.

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LOUISVILLE.

Capt. Knabenshue in his passenger-carrying airship—the marvel of the century—with daily flights and exhibitions and a night ride in the air guided by a search-light!

Balloon races—the most exciting of aerial sports; and a captive balloon!

Sensational acrobatic acts free each day!

And the world's greatest living color page of amusement enterprises.

Pain's famous Manhattan Beach fire works and the gigantic pyrotechnic spectacle, "Eruption of Vesuvius," actual reproduction of the awe-inspiring calamity of 1906, given nightly in the infield, in front of the grand stand.

Three concerts daily by Natiello and his premier band of fifty artists from the "Land of Music."

Remember the Kentucky State Fair was created by the Kentucky Legislature and is given under the auspices of the Kentucky State Board of Agriculture.

Write for catalogue and illustrated descriptive book.

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When in need of a first class shave call at Buck's place and you will be given first-class service. You can always catch a turn. Three polite barbers wait on you. Buck's new bath room is complete, nice porcelain tubs, hot water at all times and polite attendants to take care of your wants.

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Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By drugists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props. Cleveland, Ohio.

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Display advertisements, \$1.00 per inch for first time; 50 cents per inch each subsequent insertion; reading notices, 10 cents per line each issue; reading notices in black type, 20 cents per line each issue; cards of thanks, calls on candidates and similar matter, 10 cents per line. Special rates for big advertisements.

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PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Tariff Catachism.

Q. What is a tariff?
A. A duty collected on imports.
Q. What is a protective tariff?
A. A duty imposed upon imports for the aid of home factories producing competing articles.Q. What is a revenue tariff?
A. A revenue tariff is a tariff levied for the purpose of raising a revenue.
Q. What is the difference between the two kinds of tariff?

A. Revenue tariff is collected for the benefit of the whole public, and the government stops when it gets enough. A protective tariff is imposed, for private benefit, may be so levied as to impose a heavy burden without raising much revenue and there is no limit to its exactions except the greed of the protected interests and the patience of the people.

Q. Who pays the tariff?
A. The consumer.
Q. How can this fact be established?

A. By reason, by observation and by experience. If a tariff were paid by the foreigner it would be no protection to the home industry. Only when the consumer must pay more than the foreign price for an imported article can the home producer charge more than the foreign price for the domestic article. A tariff paid by the foreigner would give no protection to an American manufacturer. Then, too, the government gives a rebate on raw material then the finished product is exported. Why does the government pay the rebate to the domestic manufacturer if the foreigner pays the tariff? But experience is the best test. Go abroad, buy in the open market, and when you return you will pay the duty and you cannot find any foreigner to reimburse you.

Q. Is such a tax constitutional?
A. It is a tax levied upon the constitution for it collects from the many and gives to the few; but as the protective features are concealed in a revenue law it is difficult to get a decision on the principle involved.

Q. Can the wisdom of such a tax be defended?

A. No; a policy of favoritism is never wise in a republic. A government of the people, by the people and for the people should be administered according to the maxim: Equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

Q. Is the present protective tariff necessary?

A. No; it is about twice as high as would be necessary to cover the entire labor cost of protected manufacturers. The fact that we are exporting an increasing amount of manufactures is proof that our industries do not need the present protection. And it must be remembered that our manufactures have the benefit of the freight when the foreigner brings his goods here, while the foreign competitor has the benefit of the freight when we export. And it must also be remembered that the tariff on all kinds of material, or machinery and on food and clothing increases the cost of articles manufactured here. If we can now export it spite of these burdens we could export more if the tariff were reduced.

Q. Does a high tariff make good wages?

A. No. If it is said that we pay higher wages than they do in England—a stock argument with protectionists—it is a complete answer to say that England with no protective tariff pays better wages than Germany does under protection. Our best wages are paid in our unprotected industries and the fact that we export goods made with our high priced labor is positive proof that good wages do not depend on protection. The labor organizations have done far more to increase wages than all the tariff laws.

Q. What about the home market argument?

A. The friends of protection claim that the farmer can afford to pay more when he buys because the manufacturers furnish him a home market, but this is a fallacy. The staples of the farm are exported and the price received for the surplus exported fixes the price received for the part sold at home. As the farmer sells in the unprotected markets of the world and buys in a protected market he is constantly drained of his earnings for the benefit of the manufacturer and the manufacturer now shows his ingrati-

tude by selling at home.

Q. How has the tariff been maintained so long when it is wrong in principle, unwise in policy and unnecessary?

A. The protected interests have contributed liberally to support literary bureaus and the campaign funds and have coerced their employees by the threat of shutting down. Advocates of protection have been able to organize, distribute literature and get out the vote, while advocates of tariff reform, as they could promise no special pecuniary benefits. The advocates of protection have done much to corrupt public opinion by boldly teaching that the voter should use the ballot to advance his pecuniary interests. The manufacturer has been invited to vote dividends into his pocket, the wool grower has been solicited to vote himself a higher price for wool and the laboring man has been warned that a vote against protection would lower his wages.

Q. Is it true as often asserted by advocates of a high tariff that a high tariff always brings good times and that tariff reform often brings a panic?

A. No. Prosperity followed the low tariff of 1846 and the panic of 1873 occurred under a high tariff. The panic of 1873 not only occurred under a high tariff but twelve years after the Republican party came into power and eleven years before Mr. Cleveland's first election. The panic of 1893 occurred while the McKinley law was in force—a year before the Wilson bill was passed, and really began while the Republican party was in power.

Q. Is there any evidence of growth in tariff reform sentiment?

A. Yes. The farmers are no longer deceived by the home market argument, the employees no longer regard their wages as dependent upon the tariff and many manufacturers find the tariff more of an embarrassment than a benefit. Our exporters, too, are discovering that our tariff discriminations excite retaliation in other countries.

Q. When will the beneficiaries of protection consent to tariff reduction?

A. Never. A child gets so old that it is ashamed to nurse; a calf gets so big that it will wean itself, but no beneficiary of protection ever voluntarily lets go of the public teat.

Q. When will the tariff be reformed by its friends?

A. Just after the money lenders ask for a reduction in the legal rate of interest—that is, just before the millennium.

Q. To whom must we look for tariff reform?

A. To those who suffer—no abuse was ever reformed by those who profited by the abuse to be reformed.

Q. When should tariff reform begin?

A. At once.

Q. And how?

A. By putting on the free list those articles which compete with articles controlled by the trusts; second, by the reduction of the tariff on the necessities of life, and, third, by such other changes in the tariff schedules as will put "protection for protection's sake" in the process of ultimate extinction with a view to restoring the tariff to a revenue basis.

Consumers Pay the Tax.

You can build up any sort of industry by means of a protective tariff which gives to those engaged in it a monopoly, if you are willing to make the public pay the cost of it. But such industries are burdens and nuisances. Whenever a tariff schedule gives rise to a monopoly it should be reduced or repealed, because it is an outrage upon consumers.

Good Illustration.

Caleb Powers says he knows who killed Goebel. That reminds the Danville Advocate of the story of the parrot that was always tantalizing a little dog by yelling "Seek him, Tige!" every time the animal came around. The parrot repeated this performance many times with great success, for the dog, thinking it was his master calling him, would go flying to attack some imaginary foe when the parrot would cry, "Seek him, Tige." One day the parrot was off his perch hopping around on the ground, when he

What the School

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Arthur Woodmansee

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Send for the catalogue, which tells the story of a successful school.

espied the dog and yelled "Seek him, Tige!" The animal at once realized who had been fooling him so long and he pounced upon the parrot and feathered him completely. When he finally reached his perch he sung out, "Poor Polly talks too d—n meuh!"

Government by Injunction.

The idea of declaring a law conditionally unconstitutional is something new under the sun. Yet Judge Pritchard, President Roosevelt's appointee to the Federal bench, did it in the North Carolina 21 cent fare injunction case. The old rule of statutory construction is that every law is prima facie valid, and when attacked as unconstitutional, the burden of showing it to be so beyond a reasonable doubt, rests on the party attacking it. To enjoin the execution of a law and postpone the question of its validity to a more convenient season is to copy the tactics of King Agrippa.

A Ten to One Shot.

We are living to-day very largely if not altogether upon advertised goods. Almost every article used to-day and worth the having is an advertised article. If you step into a store and ask for anything it is ten to one that it is some article that you have seen advertised, and if the accommodating clerk asks you what you want when you step into a store it is another ten to one shot that you will name an article that you have seen extensively advertised. Shop keepers have a lesson to learn from this, and the merchant who is not a good advertiser is not alive to his own interests. Put the quality and price of your own goods before the people, if you want trade to come out of its way to you.

He Could Run.

He could run, all right, all right. He had to. Talk about your amateurs that spring for sport—this party had learned to run or starve, as a boy, and had never forgotten how. Why, say, when he tore himself loose from a vicinity it seemed like the whole landscape was crippled. I used to try him out by giving him a start and shootin' at him. If he beat the bullet, we figured he was up to form, but if the lead overtook him we'd call it an off day and unload the catridges. I've seen him scare a jack rabbit up till it was workin' under forced drafts, then limp up to it from behind and kind of yawn and stretch, and then goad it to wake up or else get off the trail and let somebody run that knowed how.—McClure's Magazine.

Oh, Yes, of Course.

Of the many children and women in Nazareth, Palestine, who have picked up a little English all have a way of saying "of course" instead of a simple "yes." The expression which French people catch up as characteristic of the American and Englishman is always "Oh, yes!" A correspondent, who has cycled down the Rhone valley, about Provence and along the Riviera, found himself greeted with "Oh, yes" by the children in the streets of nearly every town. And he discovered when his attention had been called to the point in this way that "Oh, yes!" was really what he and his companions were always saying.



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DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

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For Lieut.-Governor—South Trimble.
For Attorney-General—J. K. Hendrick.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—W. O. Wintrey.
For Commissioner of Agriculture—J. W. Newman.
For Secretary of State—Hubert Vreeland.
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For United States Senator—J. C. W. Beckham.



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Because your system is exhausted and
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It builds up and strengthens your entire system.

It contains Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites so
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ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00

William's Carbolic Salve With Arnica
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all skin eruptions. It is guaranteed
to give satisfaction, or money re-
funded. Price 25c by Druggists.

WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props.,
Cleveland O.

For sale by Oberdorfer.

County Court Days.

Below is a list of County Courts
held each month in counties tributary
to Paris:

Anderson, Lawrenceburg, 3d Monday.
Bath, Owingsville, 2d Monday.
Bourbon, Paris, 1st Monday.
Boyle, Danville, 3d Monday.
Breathitt, Jackson, 4th Monday.
Clark, Winchester, 4th Monday.
Estill, Irvine, 3d Monday.
Fayette, Lexington, 2d Monday.
Fleming, Flemingsburg, 4th Monday.
Franklin, Frankfort, 1st Monday.
Garrard, Lancaster, 4th Monday.
Grant, Williamstown, 2nd Monday.
Harrison, Cynthiana, 4th Monday.
Henry, Newcastles, 1st Monday.
Jessamine, Nicholasville, 2d Monday.
Lee, Beattyville, 4th Monday.
Lincoln, Stanford, 2nd Monday.
Madison, Richmond, 1st Monday.
Mason, Maysville, 2d Monday.
Mercer, Harrodsburg, 1st Monday.
Montgomery, Mt. Sterling, 3d Monday.
Nicholas, Carlisle, 2nd Monday.
Oldham, Lagrange, 4th Monday.
Owen, Owenton, 4th Monday.
Pleasanton, Falmouth, 1st Monday.
Powell, Stanton, 1st Monday.
Pulaski, Somerset, 3d Monday.
Scott, Georgetown, 3d Monday.
Shelby, Shelbyville, 2nd Monday.
Wayne, Monticello, 4th Monday.
Woodford, Versailles, 4th Monday.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment
will cure blind, bleeding, ulcerated and
itching piles. It absorbs the tumors,
allays the itching at once, acts as poultice,
gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian
Pile Ointment is prepared for
piles and itching of the private parts.
Every box is guaranteed. Sold by all
druggists, by mail for 50c and \$1.00.

Unless the widow takes it particularly
hard, the neighbors do not think
they have been fully paid for all the
troubles they have taken.

Free Reclining Chair Cars.

The Southern Railway has inaugurated
free reclining chair car service
between Louisville and Evansville on
their fast through trains leaving Louis-
ville at 7:30 a. m. and 5 p. m. daily,
and running solid to Evansville, with-
out change. This line also operates
ree reclining chair cars on night
Lexington and Danville to St. Louis,
also Pullman Sleeper through from
Danville to St. Louis. The Southern
Railway is 23 miles the shortest from
Louisville to Nashville and forty-three
miles the shortest to St. Louis. tf

Any man who has too much charity
for bums, and too much fault-finding
and criticism for useful men, has a
streak of dishonesty in his make-up.

Williams' Kidney Pills.

Have you neglected your kidneys?
Have you overworked your nervous
system and caused trouble with your
kidneys and bladder? Have you pain
in loins, side, back groin and bladder?
Have you a flabby appearance of the
face, especially under the eyes? Too
frequent a desire to pass urine? If so,
Williams' Kidney Pills will cure you.
Sample free. By mail 50 cents.

Williams Mfg. Co., Props.,
Cleveland, O.

Every man's final sickness should at
least be of long enough duration for
his wife "to wear herself to a
shadow."

Kentucky Fair Dates.

The following are the dates fixed for
holding the Kentucky fairs for 1907 as
far as reported:

Monticello, September 10—Four days.
Hodgenville, September 10—Three
days.
Glasgow, September 11—Four days.
Guthrie, September 15—Three days.
Kentucky State Fair, Louisville, Sep-
tember 16—Six days.
Lexington, September 23—Six days.
Falmouth, September 25—Four days.
Mayfield, October 1—Five days.
Bardwell, October 15—Two days.

Whether the neighbors admire a
girl who gets up early in the morning
depends entirely upon if the girl gets
up a help or mother or to practice.

About the same number of boys
seem to be leaving the farm, although
the cream separators in place of the
churn was expected to make a differ-
ence.

Cures Blood, Skin Diseases, Can- cer—Greatest Blood Purifier

If your blood is impure, thin, diseas-
ed, hot or full of humors, if you have
blood poison, cancer, carbuncles, eating
sores, scrofula, eczema, itching, ris-
ings, and bumps, scabby pimply skin,
bone pains, catarrh, rheumatism, or
any blood or skin disease, take Botanic
Blood Balm (B. B. B.). Soon all sores
heal, aches and pains stop, and the
blood is made pure and rich. Drug-
gists or by express \$1 per large bottle.
Sample free by writing Blood Balm
Co., Atlanta, Ga. B. B. B. is especial-
ly advised for chronic, deep-seated
cases, as it cures after all else
fails. 26feb-08

It makes no difference how good-
looking father's pictures show him to
have been as a young man, daughter
knows of dozens of young men who
are better looking.

The Bluegrass Traction Company Schedule December 1906.

Cars leave Lexington for George-
town 6 a. m. and every hour until 8 p.
m. 9:30 and 11 p. m.
Cars leave Lexington for Versailles
6 a. m. and every hour until 8 p. m.,
9:30 and 11 p. m.
Cars leave Lexington for Paris 6 a.
m. and every hour until 7 p. m., 9 and
11 p. m.
Cars leave Georgetown for Lexington
6 a. m. and every hour until 7 p. m.
8:45 and 10:15 p. m.
Cars leave Versailles for Lexington
6 a. m. and every hour until 7 p. m.,
8:45 and 10:15 p. m.
Cars leave Paris for Lexington 6 a.
m. and every hour until 8 p. m. and
10 p. m.

After seeing some men, and hearing
them talk, one is reminded of nothing
so much as an automobile horn attach-
ed to a bicycle.

Hunting For Trouble.

"I've lived in California 20 years,
and am still hunting for trouble in the
way of burns, sores, wounds, boils,
cuts, sprains, or a case of piles that
Bucklen's Arnica Salve won't quickly
cure," writes Charles Calters, of Alle-
gheny, Sierra county. No use hunting.
Mr. Walters, it cures every case.
Guaranteed at Oberdorfer's drug store,
25 cents

C. G. Schwarz, Expert Upholsteing.



Mattress Renovating, Repairing and Finishing, Mirrors Re-Silvered.

A No. 1 Work Guaranteed.
Drop me a card, or you can
reach me through Phone 41.

No. 10 Bank Row,
Paris, Kentucky

BURNING MARTYRS.

Cost of the Funeral Pyres Told In a
Curious Old Bill.

A bill for the materials with which
to burn Crammer and his fellow mar-
tyrs is probably the most curious and
suggestive document ever presented for
payment. The execution of Latimer
and Ridley took place on Oct. 16,
1555, while Crammer did not suffer
until March 21 of the following year.

The memorandum of the bill is in-
cluded in the book which was found
by Strype when he wrote his "Memoirs
of Archbishop Crammer" in 1693, in
which the expenses of the martyrs
were entered during their imprison-
ment. This book is probably some-
where among the manuscripts of Ox-
ford university, now a grim, matter of
fact witness to the fanatical hatred of
the day.

The following are exact transcripts
from the bills by the person who had
charge of the funeral pyres:

"Paid for the burning of Archbishop
Crammer and his two fellow sufferers,
Ridley and Latimer: For one hundred
of wood fagots, 6s.; for one hundred
of half of fuzze fagots, 3s. 4d.; to
the carriage of them, 8d.; to two labor-
ers, 1s. 4d.; to three loads of wood
fagots to burn Ridley and Latimer,
12s.; item, one load of fuzze fagots,
2s. 4d.; for carriage of these four loads,
2s.; item, a post, 1s. 4d.; item, for
chains, 3s. 4d.; item, for staples, 6d.;
item, for laborers, 4d."—Scrap Book.

REAL COUNTRY LIFE.

Why the American Farmer Grows Old
Early in Life.

Any one who has lived on a farm
does not need to be told the reason
farmers grow old early, for he knows
of the strain under which the Ameri-
can farmer lives during the five
months of spring and summer. His
workday is from 4 or 5 in the morning
until 8 or 9 at night, including chores—
fifteen to seventeen hours of the hard-
est kind of physical labor, and every
minute of it at high tension, especially
during harvest. Then comes a period
of relaxation in the fall, the one time
in the year when he has just enough
muscular exercise to keep him in
health; later, the winter season, ap-
proaching stagnation, in which he
takes on flesh, gets "loggy," and then a
furious debauch of hard labor through
the spring and summer again. No
wonder that by forty-five he has had a
stroke and "can't stand the heat."

Or has "a weak back," or his "heart
gives out," or a chill "makes him rheu-
matic," and when you add to this fu-
rious muscular strain the fact that the
farmer sees his income put in peril
every season and his very home every
year, so that each unfavorable
change in the weather sets his nerves
on edge, it can be readily imagined
that the real "quiet, peaceful country
life" is something sadly different from
the ideal.—Woods Hutchinson, M. D.,
in Harper's.

An Optical Illusion.

An interesting optical experiment
may be made with the ordinary mean-
scent light. Gaze steadily at the
light for a few seconds, then suddenly
extinguish it. The experiment is best
performed in a very dark room. In
about half a minute you will see the
perfect image of the light, with the
fine strands of wire plainly visible.
It will be red at first. In a few minutes
it will turn purple and then a bright
blue. Later it will apparently move to
the right. As you turn your gaze it
will continue moving to the right. If
you keep your gaze fixed, it will come
back. It is surprising how long the
illusion will last. It will be seen for
only five minutes, perhaps longer, and
if you turn on the light and look away
from it you will see the old image for
several minutes, though more faintly
than in the darkness.

Only Slight Mistake.

Mrs. Lombard is a zealous and loyal
friend, and she means what she says.
"It's perfectly wonder-
ful to see the way Cousin Henry
counts bills at the bank," she said to
a perfect fool. "Why, I think they
are so busy to have him! He'll take
a great pile of five and ten and twenty
dollar bills and make his fingers fly
just like lightning and never make a
mistake."

"Never!" said the friend, who knew
Mrs. Lombard's weakness and could
not forbear the question.
"Why—no—at least—why, perhaps he
might get 5 or 10 cents out of the way,
but not any more, ever." And Mrs.
Lombard spoke with the air of one
who has taken a stand and refuses all
chances to retreat.—Youth's Compan-
ion.

Disraeli's Confidence.

Disraeli wrote a letter to his sister
in 1832 in which he said: "Heard
Macaulay's best speech, 'Shiel and
Charles Grant.' Macaulay admirable,
but, between ourselves, I could hear
them all. This entreats (sic), I was
never more confident of anything than
that I could carry everything before
me in that house. The time will come."

The Poor Girl.

"The woman I marry," he said,
"must be glad to take me with all my
faults."
"Oh, she will be," the girl replied.
"She'll be so desperate that faults
won't cut any figure with her."

Logics.

Little Dot—Oh, mamma, there's a
sign, "Puppies For Sale." Won't you
buy me one? Mamma—Wait till you
are a little older, dear. Little Dot—
But they'll all be dogs then.—London
Answers.

If doctors tell thee, be these thy doc-
tors—best cheerfulness and moderate
diet.—Loren Thomas.

CARE OF CHAMELEONS.

How These Little Creatures Can Be
Kept Alive For Years.

Chameleons can be kept alive for
years by making a frame to fit over a
plant in a flowerpot and covering it
with mosquito netting, which must be
long enough to tie with a string about
the pot. Keep the pot in the sunniest
window and water the plant every
day through the netting. You will be
surprised to see how eagerly the little
creatures will drink the running wa-
ter after they get over their fear.
Set a wire fly trap for flies, which you
can liberate under the netting. The
chameleons will not be backward
about helping themselves.

In winter they do not require much
food, but will relish a meal worm oc-
asionally on sunny days. Meal worms
can sometimes be got at the grain
stores for the asking or can be pur-
chased at the bird stores, or small
spiders can be found in cracks and
crannies asleep for the winter. They
may be frozen stiff if found out of
doors, but they revive in a warm room.

Chameleons enjoy a place to sleep in
night and winter. Take a piece of
red flannel four inches wide and eight
inches long; roll it over a stick as
large round as your finger and sew it
while on the stick so that it will not
come unwound; then slip off and run
a wire through it long enough to sus-
pend it from one of the branches on
the plant. The chameleon will crawl
into this cozy bed and go to sleep.—St.
Nicholas.

GRAFTING FISH TAILS.

An Interesting Art In Which the Ja-
panese Are Experts.

Among the most interesting arts in
which the Japanese excel is that of the
making of fish tails. Almost every one
has seen the bush-tailed goldfish, with
its four, five and sometimes more long,
wavy tails, but it is not generally
known that most of them are not its
own.

When the little goldfish are very
young their flesh is as clear as
glass, so that one can see every bone in
their tiny bodies. At this time the few
that are born with two or more tails
are put by themselves, and then a
needle looking old Jap, with a great
magnifying glass fastened in front of
his eye and two sharp tools handy,
reaches down under the water and
cuts off the tails of the plain little fish,
and then three or four of those tails
are joined on to the backbone where
the one was cut off and fastened there
with tiny bandages until they grow
fast.

The Japanese, who are very skillful
in queer things of this kind, grow the
finest goldfish in the world, and it is a
very good business, for very fine fish
of this kind often bring as much as
\$200 to \$500, and one sold not long ago
for \$1,000.

The Lady of the Lake.

"In the Days of Scott" there are two
anecdotes about Sir Walter Scott's
children in connection with his poem,
"The Lady of the Lake."

One day his daughter was met by
James Ballantyne, the publisher, in
her father's library and asked what
she thought of the poem. She replied
that she had not read it and added:
"Papa says there is nothing so bad
for young people as reading bad
poetry."

Scott's son Walter returned from
school one day with evidences of hav-
ing been engaged in a fight. His fa-
ther asked him what he had been fight-
ing about. He replied that he had been
called a "clerk" and had resented it.

A little questioning showed that
young Walter's schoolfellows had
nicknamed him "The Lady of the
Lake," which name the boy did not
understand except as a reproach to
his manliness.

The Joys of Relic Hunting.

Quite apart from the beauty and in-
trinsic worth of such things, it is as-
tonishing on looking back on one's ex-
periences of collecting to realize how
much pleasure one has got out of even
a dilettante quest of antiques. The ex-
hilarating joy of this treasure hunt, the
finding of the treasure, the bargaining
for it and the final bearing of it home
in triumph, unwrapping it and dis-
cussing its beauties and merits, are
things which add zest to life. And, as
the taste for beautiful old things is
more or less an acquired one and can
be cultivated, this is a joy in which
most people who are fortunate enough
to have a little spare cash and a little
spare time can share.—London Tatler.

The Joy of Owning Land.

There is a distinct joy in owning
land, unlike that which you have in
money, in houses, in books, pictures,
or anything else which men have de-
vised. Personal property brings you
into society with men. But land is a
part of God's estate in the globe, and
when a parcel of ground is decided to
you and you walk over it and call it
your own it seems as if you had come
into partnership with the original Pro-
prietor of the earth.—Henry Ward
Beecher.

Cause of His Joy.

"What are you looking so happy
over, old man?"
"I am rejoicing over the birth of
twins."

"Great Scott! I congratulate you!"
"Don't congratulate me. Go and con-
gratulate Evans. He's the lucky man. I
never did like him."—Philadelphia
Enquirer.

His Attentions.

Nan—How attentive young Mr. Al-
gawn is to his pretty wife! Pam—I
don't wonder you notice it, but you
must have been nice yourself. They
are not married yet.—Chicago Tribune.

Cupid and Croesus.

By Constance D'Arcy Mackay.

Copyright, 1907, by Mary McKeon.

"But the trouble with being rich is
that you never know whether any one
is in love with you or not," mumbled
Rosamond Maythorn, stretching out a
daintily slipped foot to the fender,
where a bright fire gleamed.

Her father's eyes twinkled. "I think
I have heard that phrase before, my
dear," he said kindly, "and, while I ac-
knowledge that your fortune is a good
deal of a lure, I must confess that if
I were a young man just the sight of
your eyes and the sound of your voice
would be enough for me."

Rosamond shook her head. "You see,
father, you were an exceptional young
man," she said, but the look in her
eyes was troubled, and a faint pucker
showed between her brows. Her fa-
ther leaned forward and patted the
slim young hand that lay on the carved
arm of the chair. His motherless
daughter was very dear to him.

"What's gone wrong, Rosamond?" he
queried. "Is the new Worth gown a
failure, or didn't you enjoy your dance
last night, or is the world generally
stuffed with sawdust?"

"It isn't the world that's stuffed with
sawdust; it's the men!" cried Rosa-
mond.

Her father laughed outright, and
Rosamond frowned at him with de-
lusions severity.

"Ah, you may laugh," she said, "but
I'm in earnest just the same. I'm
sick of all men I see at balls and
operas. I don't want a puppet in even-
ing dress to talk to. I want a man—a
man who works and thinks and feels—
and in this silly social whirl I've not
been able to find one. Besides, there's
not one of them that's not a fortune
hunter, from Toby Lupman to George
Astorgist. The fact is, I'm beginning
to tire of utterly capricious days and a
pleasure seeking existence."

"What do you intend to do, then?"

"I propose to work for my living."

"Seriously, Rosamond?"

"Doesn't this look serious?" She
drew from the floor beside her a writ-
ing pad covered with cabalistic signs.

"Shorthand, as I live!" ejaculated
her father. "Well, Rosamond, I've al-



"YOU LIVE HERE?" HE INTERROGATED.

ways let you have your own way, and
if you want to make an experiment go
on. I won't hinder you. I suppose in
a month or two you'll be applying for
a situation in my office."

"Nothing of the kind!" she flashed.
"I'll find a situation of my own. I'll
cease to be Rosamond Maythorn. To-
morrow morning I'll be Rosamond
Marsh, and if you expect to catch a
glimpse of me you'll have to be up
early, for I'm off to my business col-
lege at 8 o'clock."

There followed days when Rosamond
was utterly fatigued and disheartened.
Many a time she hovered on the verge
of giving up her course and going back
to her butterfly existence, but the same
vital energy that made her father a
power in Wall street was latent in
her, too, and she stuck it out coura-
geously, though often the penciled let-
ters swam before her eyes, her back
ached, and her fingers almost refused
to "clack" at the type of her machine.
To a girl accustomed to waking at 10
in the morning it was no small wrench
to put back the hands of the clock to
7 a. m. as a rising hour and instead of
hurdle in a well appointed dining
room to scurry to a restaurant for a
hurried midday meal.

"My, isn't it fine to think that our
course is nearly finished!" sighed Mat-
ty Brown, a trim girl in black, busily
engaged in putting on her hat before a
small mirror which hung in the
cloakroom. "I suppose we'll be hunt-
ing for work next. Wonder if we'll
soon get any?"

"I hope so," said Rosamond soberly.
The hundreds and hundreds of toilers
whom she passed in the streets each
night after the 5 o'clock whistles blew
had given her a very different view of
life from that which she had cherished
in her broadened boudoir. She knew
now that it was composed of infinite
struggle and hardship, and it was with
a thrill of thankfulness that she found
herself singled out from a dozen appli-
cants to be the stenographer of
Graham Ellis, a young lawyer of
whom great things were prophesied.

From the first Rosamond liked him.
He was kind and courteous—never too
hurried to be polite, never more ex-

acting than the occasion required.
His sincerity and straightforwardness
spoke not only in his frank and genial
manner, but in every direct glance of
his steady gray eyes, every motion of
his well poised head.

"Tired?" said Rufus Maythorn a few
months later, looking at his daughter
across the dinner table that sparkled
with silver and cut glass.

"Not a bit," she answered cheer-
fully.

"And you still like your employer?"

"He seems," said Rosamond demure-
ly, "to be a very just and reasonable
sort of person."

"The people who know him say fine
things of him," returned her father. "I
should judge that he was composed of
brain and muscle rather than of saw-
dust."

One evening after office hours, as
Rosamond was walking homeward,
Graham Ellis joined her. She had
played so long on the dangerous edge
of discovery that she had become ac-
customed to it, but on this particular
night his sudden presence startled her,
and to gain time she turned into a
shabby side street. A girl was just
disappearing into one of the dingy
doorways. It was Matty Brown. In-
stantly Rosamond saw a way of es-
cape.

"Good night," she said, pausing and
abruptly holding out her hand to Gra-
ham Ellis.

"You live here?" he interrogated.

A little demon of mischief looked out
of Rosamond's brown eyes.

"Why not?" she queried lightly, al-
ready halfway up the steps.

"May I come and see you some time
when you're not too tired or busy?" he
asked.

"I should be delighted," smiled Rosa-
mond, and then slipped into the dimly
lighted hall, where the figure of Matty
Brown was slowly receding. Here she
waited till she knew that Graham El-
lis had passed and then went out again,
her heart beating more than it had
ever done over a social triumph. Poor
and dismal and dingy though the place
was, he had cared enough to come and
see her in it, while the men she was ac-
customed to meet in the drawing rooms
of her friends would have sneered and
passed on.

"I must have made a mistake in the
number, Miss Marsh," he said to her
the following week. "Was it 15 or 17?
I rang at several doors, but no one
seemed to know your name."

"We've moved," said Rosamond calm-
ly. "We don't live there any more."

"Oh, I see," said Graham Ellis. There
was a long pause. "Of course, if you
began rather stiffly—of course if you
don't care to have me call!"

Rosamond bent over her machine. "I
don't know when you've seen where I
live if you'll like it," she murmured,
and Ellis was too much in earnest to
note the catch of amusement in her
tone.

"Like it!" he cried. "Of course, I'll
like it! Do you think it makes any dif-
ference to me where you live? Surely
we can't have worked together all these
months without your knowing that I
love you!"

"Ah," said Rosamond, with a flash
of whimsical laughter, "then if, altho
it makes any difference, you won't
mind my being Rufus Maythorn's
daughter instead of Rosamond Marsh,
for, you know, there was once an ac-
cident who set out with a lantern to
look for an honest man, but, since I'm
a modern, I've used a typewriter in-
stead. And it led me straight to you!"

"To a man with nothing on earth to
offer you but love!"

"Well, isn't that the greatest thing in
the world?" she whispered, flushing
adorably.

Her References.

Not long ago a Philadelphia lady
was suddenly deserted by the owner
and advertised for another, stipulat-
ing that applicants must furnish good
references. A middle-aged colored wo-
man was among those who sought the
place, and when asked for her refer-
ences she said, "Dead. Ah, done bore
up dem references, lady." "Don't you
know," the lady asked, "that if

MILLERSBURG ITEMS.

—Seed wheat, rye and timothy seed. PEALIE COLLIER & CO.

—Miss Eva Flaughter, of Bloomfield, arrived Wednesday as the guest of her uncle, Zene Flaughter.

—Mrs Rhoda Conway arrived from New York as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fannie Norton.

—Misses Katie Agen and Stella Speith, of Louisville, are guests of Mrs. James McNamara.

—Mr. J. W. Boulden, of Maysville, was the guest of his brother, Postmaster R. B. Boulden, Friday.

—Mrs. Dryden, of Mt. Olivet, was the guest of her son, A. F. Brown, from Wednesday till Friday.

—Miss Nettie Hurst has been called to the bedside of her mother, Mrs. D. M. Hurst, who is critically ill at Camp-ton.

—A handsome glass front folding bed in excellent condition for sale. For further particulars call at the post-office.

—Mrs. Mollie Conway arrived Thursday from Cincinnati to visit her brothers, J. H., W. F. and S. C. Carpenter.

—To Farmers.—Don't fail to inspect our tobacco savor. It will save you money and is worth its weight in gold. MILLER & BEST.

—The M. F. C. opened last Thursday with the largest enrollment it has ever enjoyed since Prof. Fisher has been in charge and there are others yet to come.

—Mayor Levy Trotter was in town Wednesday and Thursday but returned to Lexington to continue that protracted visit of eight months to his sister, Mrs. Kate Richards, of Lexington.

—Capt. J. F. Riley, of Ithica, N. Y., returned Wednesday last and will resume his duties at M. M. I. Wednesday. Every train brings in students for that institution and to-morrow promises to be a big opening day.

—Prof. McFarland, who arrived here about a week ago in a critical condition from his home at Olathea, Kansas, died Wednesday at 11 p. m. of uramic poison at the home of his son-in-law, Mr. R. L. Tarr. Mrs. Tarr and children have spent the greater part of the summer with her parents, Prof. and Mrs. McFarland at Olathea, Kansas. Last week she returned accompanied by her father. He had not been well during the summer and before arriving here was taken seriously ill and had to be taken to the home of Mrs. M. E. Martin for one day, after rallying it was thought he would recover. Sunday his condition grew worse and his wife hastily notified, and she with her brother, Mr. O'Neil, arrived Tuesday but he was unconscious and never re-

ognized them. Prof. McFarland was about 69 years of age and for many years had been an instructor in languages in the schools of Olathea. He had expected to remain here, but a few days going to Ohio to visit a brother, who had been recently paralyzed, from thence to Olathea to resume his duties in the school room. The remains were sent to his Kansas home Friday, accompanied by his widow and daughter, Mrs. R. L. Tarr, and Mr. O'Neil. They were attended as far as Cincinnati by Mr. R. L. Tarr and Joe W. Mock. The body was laid to rest Sunday afternoon after appropriate services.

—Mrs. McElroy, of Atlanta, Ga. is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. G. L. Kerr.

—Prof. Ora Long left Friday for Waco, Texas, to resume his duties in the school room.

—Mr. Joe Carrington, of Little Rock, Ark., arrived Friday at the bedside of his mother, Mrs. Eliza Carrington, who is quite ill.

—Cards are out announcing the wedding of Miss Lelia McClintock to Mr. Charles Robert Jones, on Wednesday, Sept. 25, at the home at 4 p. m.

—Mrs. W. G. Layson returned to her home at Newport, Friday after a week's visit to her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Layson.

—Messrs. T. M. Purnell, J. H. Hamilton, Mrs. D. M. Hurst, Miss Christine Patterson continue about the same. Miss Nellie Shea is improving slowly.

—Thirty-seven new gasoline street lights were put up last week and as you walk our concrete pavements on a dark night you fancy the beautiful silver moon is smiling on you.

—A convenient four-room cottage on the Maysville pike north of the residence of Sam Endicott, with good barn, garden and water. Same can be had for \$10 a month. For further particulars call on or address.

MRS. LIZZIE STIRMAN.

—Claude Brown, colored, was tried before Judge Wagell Friday morning for the unlawful sale of intoxicating liquors and was fined \$100 and costs. As he could not pay or give bond he was sent to jail to board it out with Mr. George Judy. He will return just in time for the Christmas trade.

—Mrs. Wallace Shannon, to the delight of her many friends, again accepted the position of musical director at the M. F. C., and Miss Katherine Miller musical preceptress. With these two popular ladies in the musical department, we can safely insure thorough training.

—George Grayson, colored, who accidentally shot Carrie Henderson, colored, on Saturday, Aug. 30 was arrested last week in Maysville and was brought here last Friday by Officer Senteney, of that city, and was put under bond his case being set for trial next Thursday.

Everything Ready.

Louisville, Sept. 9.—(Special Correspondence)—The Kentucky State Fair management announced to-day that the final touches on Churchill Downs, getting it in shape for the State Fair, which begins Monday, Sept. 16th, had been made. A large force of carpenters have put in two full weeks building additional sheep and hog pens and fitting tables in the buildings where the exhibits of horticulture, vegetables and melons, field seed and grain, tobacco, woman's work, tables luxuries, etc., will be shown.

The owners of Churchill Downs at Louisville, where the State Fair will be held this year, turned over to the State Fair management the entire plant, with 850 stalls in modern stables, free of all cost, the Board of Agriculture only being required to put the ground back in the condition they were found.

Taking the entries that have been made up to a week before the opening of the Fair, as an indication, practically every one of those stalls will be used. The display of horse flesh, all kinds of cattle, sheep, swine, mules and jack stock, will be in keeping with the State Fairs of Commonwealths that have supported these institutions for a quarter of a century. The poultry and pigeon department and the Collie Dog Show give quite a satisfactory promise, while the other departments are certain to fill to capacity.

Turning from the educational feature of the Fair, to the lighter vein, the State Fair Management announces that the amusements will be far beyond the best of the kind ever seen in Louisville. These will include Pain's \$100,000 fire works spectacle and the eruption of Vesuvius; Captain Roy Knabenshue, personally, in his airship; balloon races, an Igorrote Village, direct from the White City of Chicago, Murdy's trained wild animal show, etc.

The racing program of the week will be especially attractive. There will be trotting, pacing and running races, in addition to automobile races and the balloon races.

The railroads have made a rate of one fare for the round trip to Louisville, tickets going on sale Sept. 14th, good returning until Sept. 23d. The freight departments have announced that exhibits will pay full tariff going to the Fair, and will be returned free, if ownership is not changed.

A yawn from the pew may mean somnolency in the pulpit.

When it means sacrifice to give we can set it down as charity.

The richest man is the one who is satisfied with what he has.

Better be riding a hobby than to sit grumbling by the side of the road.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
A Cream of Tartar Powder Made from Grapes
NO ALUM

The man who can see nothing but fun in life never amounts to much; the man who can see no fun at all in life never amounts to anything.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDEN, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Next to the man with a grievance the greatest bore is the man who will not sympathize with you when you tell yours.

BARGAINS IN NECESSITIES.

To reduce our stock of gas stoves we will sell every stove in our house to less than cost during the next 15 days.

PARIS GAS LIGHT CO.
Incorporated.

Hanan Shoes!

There is no hurt in Hanan Shoes from the day you buy them until the day you buy the next pair.

Geo. McWilliams,

The Shoe Man.

Both Phones 301, PARIS, KY.

Roth Bros.

No. 130 W. 7th St., Cincinnati, O.,

Leading Ladies' Tailors,

Will be at Windsor Hotel

Sept. 11 and 12,

With full line Fall and Winter garments, suits, coats, evening wraps and separate skirts. Also samples for special orders. Our reputation for style and perfect fit unsurpassed.

Will be at Commercial Hotel, Cynthiana, Ky., Sept. 13.

Look After Your Turkeys Now

Timely Use of

Clarke's Turkey Remedy

Will Save Many Dollars For You.

Don't Forget Either to Use

Clarke's Limberneck and Roupe Remedy.

BOTH MEDICINES WILL PAY YOU TO USE THEM IN YOUR POULTRY.

Bicycle For Sale. For Sale or Rent.

Iroquois Bicycle. High grade machine. Only been ridden once. Girls style. Reason for selling child cannot ride on account of health. Suitable for girl 8 to 12 years. For further particulars apply at NEWS office.

Residence on Second street, 23-7t G. W. LAUGHLIN.

Price & Co.

Have received for the Fall of 1907 the **Howard Hat** in all colors and shapes—the best \$3 Hat in the world for the money.

PRICE & CO., CLOTHIERS.....



Your home furnished complete

THE MOST IMPORTANT FURNITURE SALE OF THE YEAR

A Bonafide Sale of Worthy Merchandise, No tricks or mis-statement to deceive.

THIS SALE BEGAN THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, CLOSES SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14.

A. F. WHEELER & CO.'S 30 Days' Clearing Sale Began Thursday, Morning August 15th.

This Will be the Most Important Furniture Sale of the Year.

You Can't Afford to Miss It.

Don't confuse this sale with many fake sales that are held to deceive the public. Our word has been pledged and we will reduce every suit in the house.

Don't Miss It.

The time of the year is at hand when we must clear our floors of present stock to make room for incoming Fall goods, therefore we announce this annual clearing sale. This will be the most important sale of the season—first on account of the better class of Furniture we handle; and secondly, when this firm announces a reduction you can rest assured that same is a legitimate one and not a mere advertising scheme to deceive the public. You cannot afford to miss this sale. Your money cheerfully refunded or goods willingly exchanged during or after sale.

Every article in our vast stock will be greatly reduced in price during this 30 days' Clearance Sale. This is the sale that thrifty buyers have been waiting for.

Don't Miss It.

Extra Reductions on Furniture.

Every Suit of Furniture in our mammoth stock greatly reduced in price. Now is the golden opportunity to buy a really high grade article at a lower price than you ordinarily pay for the cheaper article. It is conceded that our Furniture stock is one of the finest in Central Kentucky. Many desirable styles on hand in Bed-room Suits:

All \$35.00 Bed-Room Suits, Clearing Price **\$25.00** All \$30.00 Bed-Room Suits, Clearing Price **\$20.00**

All \$20.00 Bed-Room Suits, Clearing Price **\$12.75**

A. F. WHEELER FURNITURE CO.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

SWIFT CHAMP. - EDITOR AND OWNER

Winter & Co.
JEWELERS & SILVERSMITHS,
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

Opened With Full School.

Prof. E. M. Costello opened his school yesterday with his limited number, thirty pupils.

Republican Speaking.

Hon. A. E. Willson, the Republican candidate for Governor, will speak at the court house, on Tuesday, the 17th.

Moves to Paris.

The house recently advertised for rent in the News was rented to Mr. W. Jones, of the Paris Bottling Works, who has moved here from Lexington.

Leather Goods at Cost.

See display of fine pocket books, hand bags, card cases, etc., below cost at Clarke & Co.'s. 10septf

Democratic City Primary.

The City Democratic Committee has decided on October 16 as the date to hold the Democratic City primaries, to nominate candidates for the City Council.

For Rent.

Two unfurnished room in the Stout house on High street. Apply to Mrs. Hallie Mansfield at Frank & Co.'s.

Lots Sold.

Auctioneer M. F. Kenney sold for Master Commissioner Mann, Saturday, two lots on Sixteenth street, belonging to the Henry Hiers, to Dr. Wm. Kenney, agent, for \$805 for the two.

Buy This Week.

If you want wall paper of any description and at all prices call at our store this week. We have some bargains and are ready to put it on the wall at once. J. T. HINTON.

Erroneous Report.

"Uncle" Jimmie McLaughlin is not dead at Pewee Valley as reported and published last week. He is alive and in good health as all of the old veterans from Bourbon in the Confederate Home, except J. R. Moreland, who is quite feeble.

Seasonable Edibles.

Fresh oysters received daily. Everything in season. We want a few more old country hams.

VIMONT & SLATTERY.

High Bank Stock.

Two and one-half shares of the stock of the Winchester Bank, belonging to the estate of Dr. T. S. Allan, were sold publicly at Winchester to L. T. Flynn at \$305 per share. This was the highest price ever paid for the stock of any bank in that city.

For Sale.

I have for sale a number of South-down bucks. East Tenn. phone 290. 10-11 CHARLTON ALEXANDER.

A Correction.

In giving the awards of Shorthorn cattle at the Bourbon fair in the last issue of this paper, the bull that was first in the class, under one year old, and the junior champion winner, is the property of Adair & Ewalt, instead of A. P. Adair or A. P. Adair & Son, as was printed in that issue.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded in County Clerk Paton's office in the last few days:

Martha Pennell to Cash and Mary Harney, house and lot, on waters of Indian Creek, this county, for \$800.

Laura M. Lilleston to W. H. and Laura Evans, lot on Lilleston avenue, for \$250.

Lilleston heirs to Etta M. Howe, lot on Lincoln avenue, for \$150.

Maud Kenney to Silas E. Bedford, 41.55 acres, lying on F. & C. railroad, for \$1 and other cash consideration.

Negro Crushed to Death.

At an early hour Saturday morning the body of an unknown negro about 30 years old was taken from a box car in the yards of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, the negro having been crushed to death by lumber with which the car was loaded, slipping on him while the car was being bumped while switching. Another negro who was in the car received a sprained leg, and escaping from the car, gave the alarm and then disappeared. No blame is attached to the company as both negroes were stealing a ride.

An Old Citizen Dies.

At the residence of his daughter, Mrs. J. P. Howell, James Shrader, one of the oldest citizens of Bourbon county, died at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon of general debility, 81 years of age. Mr. Shrader for more than half a century conducted a blacksmith shop near Clintonville, this county, and was respected for his high standing as a citizen and business man. He is survived by one sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Beal, now in her 89th year, and one daughter, Mrs. J. P. Howell. Mr. Shrader was an uncle of Mrs. Mary Stivers, of this city.

McDermott-Bramel.

Mr. John R. McDermott and Miss Dotie Allen Bramel were quietly married at the residence of the officiating minister, Rev. Father James Cusack, on Thursday afternoon. Mr. McDermott was formerly the popular manager of the Postal Telegraph Company in this city, and is now holding similar position at Jellico, Tenn. He is industrious and efficient in his business and a valued employee of the above company. The bride resided with her parents, near town, and is a most estimable young lady. We wish them a happy married life. They left immediately for their future home at Jellico.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Miss Lura Leer left Saturday to attend school in Chicago.

—Miss Cora Belle Rye is visiting relatives in Winchester this week.

—N. M. Farris and family, of Tilton, Ky., are guests of J. Harrison Davis.

—Misses Martha and Gay Ferguson left Saturday to attend a school in Virginia.

—Mr. Horace Gilbert, of Winchester, was in the city yesterday, visiting relatives.

—Miss Elizabeth Ball, of Versailles, is guest of her aunt, Mrs. Chariton Alexander.

—Miss Martha Waller leaves today to attend school at Nazareth, near Louisville.

—J. Q. Frakes, of Louisville, arrived yesterday to attend Prof. Costello's school.

—Mrs. Frank Shannon and daughter, of Dallas, Texas, are visiting Mrs. J. T. McDermott.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Slicer, of Washington City, D. C., are guests of Mr. A. L. Slicer.

—Col. Robert Forsyth, of Louisville, spent Sunday in this city with his brother, A. T. Forsyth.

—E. K. Knapp and daughter, Miss Lucille, of Cincinnati, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Myall.

—Mrs. Speed Hibler, Mrs. Thos. Russell, and Mrs. Chris Russell, of Maysville, were visitors to the fair, Friday.

—Mrs. Stelia Cunningham and daughter, Miss Nannie, of Marion, O., are guests of Miss Naomi Cunningham, at Escondido.

—Mrs. J. H. Butler and daughters, Misses Margaret, Ollie and Lorine Butler, have returned from several weeks' sojourn at Olympia.

—W. P. Erringer, who has been the guest of his son, Mr. Chas. Erringer, in the county, returned to his home in Chicago, yesterday.

—Miss Flage Chapeze Simms, of Springfield, Ky., who has been the guest of Miss Martha Waller, left yesterday for her home.

—Mrs. Sallie E. King and daughter, Mrs. Graves Carroll, and little grand daughter, are visiting Mrs. Henry Ogle and other relatives here.

—Misses Florence and Sallie Griffith, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hinton, Jr., have returned to their home in Georgetown.

—Mr. Robert Smith, of Dayton, Ky., who has been visiting his grandfather, Mr. W. A. Hill, Sr., has returned home after a two weeks' stay.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Turney have as their guests this week, Mrs. Robert C. Catlett and daughter, Lucille McClellan and Mr. and Mrs. Robert H. Winn, of Mt. Sterling.

—Mr. D. D. Connors, the popular transfer man and former proprietor of the Fordham Hotel, is reported as sinking fast with a complication of diseases. Everything was in readiness to take him to St. Joseph Hospital, at Lexington, yesterday afternoon, the ambulance at his door, and when informed they were going to take him to the hospital he went to pieces and began to grow worse. There is no hope of his recovery.

—Among others at the Bourbon fair, we found Mrs. Col. John Cunningham, and Mrs. Laura Estill Francis dispensing charming hospitality to their friends, with a lunch served in hand-painted China and antique silver with their grandmother's solid silver forks. Distinguished among their guests was a brilliant attorney of Dallas, Texas, Mr. Charley Meng and his cultured and accomplished friend, Mr. Shelby Mitchell Blatterton, of Mason county, Ky. —Communicated.

BIRTHS.

Born, at Mt. Sterling, to the wife of Henry P. Reed, nee Emilee Hibler, a son—William Henry Reid—the first great-grandson of Mrs. Mary Hibler, of Paris, and grandson of W. F. Hibler.

Born, Sunday morning, to the wife of Mr. A. T. Bratton, a son.

A Successful Fair.

The old Bourbon Fair last week was a success in every particular. Although the rain of the first day and the gloomy weather of the second day was much against them, still the receipts amounted to over \$4,000, an increase over last year.

The exhibition of fine stock was good, and a number of the rings compared favorably with any seen at any fair in Kentucky this year.

The ladies of the Methodist church, who furnished the dinner on the grounds, did not make as much as they did last year. This was for the reason they had to pay the association more for the privilege than last year.

10,000 More Telegraphers Needed

Smith's Business College can qualify you for a good telegraphic position cheap. Main railroad wires in College. Practical teachers. Farm boys and others who received \$20.00 a month before attending this college now receive \$65 and \$75. The past month officials of great railroads have encouraged and written us for hundreds of our graduates. Get a cheap monthly ticket over the interurban road to this College. For particulars address Wilbur R. Smith, Lexington, Ky.

Working Among Country Operators.

Agitators for the telegraphers strike have made their appearance at Lexington and are causing trouble. K. P. Dickerson, the Western Union Manager of Georgetown left his key and refused to work. His place was promptly filled, however. Lester Tharp, of Mt. Sterling, taking the position.

A union man approached St. Clair Hawkins, the fourteen-year-old boy just appointed manager of the Postal Company at Paris, and offered him \$5 per week if he would quit work and join the union. W. E. Seivey of the Cincinnati office, who was one of the first operators to quit has been working among the Lexington operators hunting for recruits to the strikers.

DEVELED

CRABS,

WITH SHELL.

Lee's

Three Men Badly Hurt.

While directing laborers on his place as they were blasting, W. R. Paxton, a prominent farmer and stockman, of Green county, Ky., was frightfully mangled by a premature explosion yesterday. His body was badly cut by flying stones and county physicians removed ten stones from around the eye-balls. He was taken to a Louisville hospital where an effort will be made to save his eye-sight. Paxton was to have been married on Thursday of this week, but has broken the engagement against the wishes of his intended bride on the ground that he is permanently injured and would be a life-long care.

Two laborers were also badly hurt by the explosion and little hopes are entertained for their recovery.

Public Sale

—OF—

Household & Kitchen Furniture

I will offer at public auction at residence on Seventh street at 2 o'clock on Saturday, Sept. 14, 1907, all of my household and kitchen furniture. I will also sell my buggy and harness at same time.

JUNIOUS STONE.

If Your Stomach
Feels Empty and
Craves Something Good,
Ring Up

Roche's
MARKET
HOUSE

And Fill
Your Wants....

WE WANT YOUR

Coal Order!

We Handle the Well-Known

South Jellico
COAL.

Let us book your order now. Coal is sure to advance, as it is going up fast at the mines. If you give us an order we protect you and guarantee sure delivery of all coal.

Call and talk COAL with us.

Starke & Co.

Both 'Phones 52.
At Lavin & Connell's.

Big Bargains

IN

Shirt Waists,

Dress Skirts, Lawns,

Wash Goods,

Belts, Bags, &c.,

AT

W. ED. TUCKER'S

Many Bargains Awaiting You.

AGENT FOR BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

GEO. W. DAVIS,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND LICENSED EMBALMER.

BOTH 'PHONES—DAY 137; NIGHT 299.

Dr. Louis H. Landman,

At the Residence of Mrs.
R. M. Harris, corner
Fourth and Pleasant Sts.,

Tuesday, Sept. 10, 1907.

J. T. HINTON.

Watch this space in next issue.

Unheard of Bargains in Furni-

ture, Wall Paper, Etc., Etc.

J. T. HINTON.

Get Ready for the Bourbon County Fair.

New Styles of the No-Name Hat, James Means and Crawford Shoes, the Fratt Brand of Young Men's Clothes, all now on Display.

If you want nobby and up-to-date goods and styles, come to see us.

For the Ladies: New Voile Skirts, Waists, Belts and Furnishings of all kinds.

Don't Buy your Fall outfit until you have seen us

Rummans Tucker & Cos.

PARADISE FISHES.

These Creatures Live in Odd Nests Composed of Air Bubbles.

Paradise fishes come from Japan, and their nests are very odd indeed, for they are composed of air bubbles. Unlike goldfish, they will breed and raise their young in an aquarium or even in a glass globe, and they raise three or four broods each year.

Ordinarily the male paradise fish is of a dull silvery color, but when he goes a-courting he puts on a brilliant coat, striped with streaks of red, blue and green. When the female fish is ready to lay eggs, she builds her nest by swallowing air and making bubbles, which are held together by a sticky secretion that comes from her mouth.

The eggs rise in the water and find a resting place among the air bubbles, to which they cling. The female fish tries to swallow the eggs, but her husband drives her away and keeps guard until the eggs are hatched. If the air bubbles burst, the male fish blows some more, so that the nest is always floating on the surface of the water.

At the end of five days the young are hatched out. They cannot swim, but cling like tadpoles to the air bubbles. If one falls, the father fish catches it in his mouth and blows it up among the bubbles again. He does not leave his little ones until they are able to swim, and then they take care of themselves.

HOUSE OF NAPOLEON.

The Dwelling in Corsica in Which the Great Man Was Born.

Historically, Ajaccio, Corsica, is of the utmost importance, for here it was that on the 15th of August, 1769, Napoleon Bonaparte was born, and here it was that the future emperor spent his youth, enlightened by an intelligent and lovely mother. The "Casa Napoleon" is one of the—or, I should say, the principal building in Ajaccio. It is a solid three story building, with gray stone walls and a number of large windows. Situated in the old part of the town, one would scarcely find it were it not for the boys who tender their services to guide the stranger to the place.

Although plundered in 1793 by the partisans of Paoli, the heroic Corsican fighter for liberty, the house still contains a few reminiscences of the great warrior. Besides a number of ordinary rooms, each room containing some furniture, one finds the bedroom where Napoleon was born, as well as Napoleon's sleeping and study room, with his bed and table; his father's study, still beautifully furnished, and the drawing room, in which are his mother's piano and her sedan chair.—Theodore de Veer in Four Track News.

THE WORD "FELLOW."

Its Honorable Beginning and Its Latter Day Decline.

The degeneracy of a good word was illustrated in a case at Brinksonne (Dorset), in which a witness spoke of the defendant as "this fellow" and was ordered by the bench to substitute "this man." "Fellow" began very honorably by meaning a person who put down money with others in a joint undertaking, its component parts being skin respectively to "fee" (property) and to "lay" and "law." To this day it is dignified to be a fellow of a college, and nobody minds being called a "fellow citizen," a "fellow Christian" or a "good fellow."

But ordinarily "fellow" alone ranks now as in the painful scene in which Mr. Tuppman said, "Sir, you're a fellow," and Mr. McKewen retorted, "Sir, you're another." In the fourteenth century it was customary to call a servant "fellow" in kindly condescension. Perhaps that explains the word's decline, though it may be due to the use of "fellow" in the sense of loon companion. "Companion" and "mate" also were contemptuous at one time.—London Chronicle.

Percy Bysshe Shelley.

While it is as a poet that Shelley will always be remembered, the fact must not be overlooked that he had a passion for reforming the world, before all things. He wrote many valuable essays and pamphlets on questions of the day some time before he ascended the world with his brilliancy as a poet. Of his lyric work it has been said that it "presents a sum total of high creativeness, profound thought and transcendent music such as cannot be found elsewhere in English literature."—Pearson's Weekly.

For a Sluggish Liver.

When your liver is really sluggish, practice the following exercises at least twice a day: Stretch one arm up as high as you can, while with the other one try and reach down toward the floor. Then reverse the position of the arms. You will find that you will unconsciously bend the body toward the lower arm. By this exercise the side muscles are strengthened, and the liver, which is like a sponge, is squeezed, and is thus much assisted in its work.

Economy.

Lady Shopper—Have you any of your one dollar goods marked down to 50 cents? Salesman—None left, ma'am. We have the \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50 grades at the regular price and the \$5 grade marked down to—Lady Shopper—Give me the \$5 grade.—New York Times.

From Experience.

EM—I shan't read any more novels. They all stop when he wins his sweet heart, and then it's just the best part. Father—Little blackhead! Who told you that was the best part?—Floh.

What a difference there would be if we were all as good as you are!

A RARE BIRD.

Why an American Showman Could Not Get It For His Museum.

When the eminent French writer Ferdinand Brunetiere visited the United States some years ago, lecturing at Harvard and other leading universities, he had an amusing experience, which he described in the recollections of his American tour which he afterward published. The great litterateur devoted much attention to the life and works of Bossuet, who was often styled the "Eagle of Meaux," on account perhaps of his lofty flights of eloquence. This fact, with others pertaining to his literary career, was mentioned by some daily papers during his stay in this country. It caught the eyes of a shrewd American showman, who, however, got somewhat mixed over the meaning of the allusion. He wrote the following letter to the French author:

Sir—I have just heard that a certain Meaux eagle, very celebrated, it appears, in your country, has become your exclusive property. Now, I am the manager of a museum in one of the largest cities in the States. This Meaux eagle, whose reputation has been enhanced by your eloquence, would certainly not fail to excite the curiosity of my public. If you will let me have the rare bird and tell me how to feed it, you can quote your own figure.

Brunetiere politely explained that the "rare bird" had been dead for nearly 200 years.

CORDON BLEU.

Origin of the French Title as Applied to a Fine Cook.

The Order of the St. Esprit was created in 1567, was suppressed by the revolution and was revived by Louis XVIII. in 1814. To speak rightly, Louis XVIII. considered that the order had never ceased to exist, for he had given two collars during his exile, in 1810, the one to Francis I., king of the two Sicilies, and the other to his brother, the Prince of Salerno, the father of his brother's wife, the Duchess d'Angoulême.

The ribbon of this order was a light blue color. It was worn around the neck in the reigns of Henry III. and Henry IV., but was changed by Louis XIV., when it was worn across the chest. The Chevaliers of the St. Esprit were always known under the name of Les Cordon Bleu, and this was the supreme honor during the monarchy of France. It was from this that the title of "cordon bleu" was given to a first class cook. A gentleman one day declared after a good meal that he who had cooked the dinner had proved himself a "cordon bleu" among cooks—in other words, the master of his art. The title became quite the rage and is now always used to designate a good cook without the persons who use it knowing what it means or still less the origin of the title.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

They Differ in Many Ways From Those of Our Own Country.

Hot water is not "laid on" (piped) at foreign hotels, says the Travel Magazine. If you hear a gentle tap on the door in the morning, you may interpret it as meaning that a copper ewer of hot water has just been set down outside for your personal use.

If you order a bath, it will be prepared for you accordingly, and a sweet voiced maid will give you notice when it is ready. You are not expected to operate the water valves at all, and it is doubtful if you would succeed if you tried.

From a variety of vacant rooms at a hotel shown you you select the one you prefer, with a definite agreement as to price. You are not required to accept humbly and thankfully, in blind faith, whatever room the clerk deigns to assign to you, as in America. It is expected, however, that you will order your breakfasts at the hotel, being free to get your other meals elsewhere if you prefer.

Electric light switches are not commonly turned on by a push button or a flat key, as in our buildings, but by a small brass lever. Many of the best hotels have a reading light in the headboard of each bedstead.

The Last Resort.

A man went into an oculist's the other day and, complaining of failing sight, got fitted with a pair of spectacles.

"Is this the weakest glass for my eye?" he asked.

"Yes," replied the oculist.

"Supposing I can't see with it after a few months?"

"Get a stronger then."

"And if I still can't see?"

"Get a still stronger."

"And if the strongest glass fails?"

"In that case I think if I were you I should buy a small, intelligent dog and a couple of yards of string."

It Made a Difference.

"Good gracious!" exclaimed the visitor. "Hear those boys fighting and yelling out there. Regular little hoodlums, aren't they?"

"I can't say," replied Mrs. Fumley. "I'm rather nearsighted, you know."

"But surely you can hear them."

"Oh, yes; but I can't tell whether they're my children or the neighbors."

Doing Up a Shirt.

"This bill is too high," said the customer. "Too high?" ejaculated the laundryman. "That's what I said—too high." "But, man, do you know how long it takes to do up a shirt?" "Why, about four washings!"—Yonkers Statesman.

The Bore.

"I think Jones is one of the worst bores that ever lived!" "Why so?" "He broke right in and began talking about himself while I was telling about a interesting experience I once had myself."—London Standard.

HAPPINESS.

The Difference Between the Sexes in This Important State.

One source of women's happiness is to be found, we think, in their love of detail. They enjoy every detail of social life. They love the minutiae of their work. They do not love it as a man loves his, for the sake of an end. They look close at what they are doing, and they do not look forward. They take pleasure in their children as they are. A defect, even though it be a serious one, destroys their pleasure in them far less than it destroys that of a man. They are not constantly oppressed by the thought of what that defect will mean in the future. If a woman is by nature apprehensive her fears apply for the most part to little things. If a man is apprehensive he fears when the fit is upon him the debacle of heaven and earth. For women time goes a little slower. They take pleasure in each jewel of that mosaic which makes up happiness and are not fretted because the pattern is not complete. Of this quality they have, no doubt, the inevitable defects—much brilliancy, little grasp and a tendency to frivolity. They are apt to fritter away their lives and minds on little things. They become engrossed with the details of play as well as the details of work. Men no doubt have more opportunities of keen pleasure than women have, but these opportunities are short lived. The happiness of the moment they are less fitted to take. The difference between the sexes in this particular might, we believe, be thus summed up: A man is happy whenever he has anything to make him happy, but a woman is happy whenever she has nothing to make her unhappy.—London Spectator.

SHELLS THAT SWIM.

These Peculiar Fish Are Mostly Confined to Tropical Seas.

The idea of shells being found anywhere else except upon the seaboard or in river beds is a little startling. Yet the naturalist who pursues his work from a ship in mid-ocean can and does collect shells by the thousand at every dip of his net or bucket.

Swimming shellfish are mostly confined to tropical seas. The most familiar is the mantis, which is, however, not a shellfish at all, but a near relation of the cuttlefish; also it is only seen on the surface at a certain time of the year. The real ocean shellfish are mostly very small. In the Indian ocean they may be seen by millions. One which bears the appalling name of Cavolinia trispinosa has the odd peculiarity of coming to the surface at 6 sharp every evening. Another, the Cleodora tridentata, rises at 7.

Frail as these tiny shellfish are, no storm ever injures them. They all possess the peculiar power of being able to sink a few feet below the surface of the sea, and there they remain when gales blow, perfectly safe, and rise again when the weather improves.

The largest of these ocean swimmers is about three inches in length. Almost all are most brilliant in color and their shells far finer and more glossy than those found upon the seaboard.

Puzzling Measures.

Wheat is sold in Great Britain in twenty different ways—by the quarter, comb, load, boll, bushel, barrel, hundredweight, cental, and bobbel. Further confusion is also caused by the fact that the bushel of wheat varies from sixty-two pounds at Birmingham, Gloucester and Taunton, to eighty pounds at Monmouth and Abergavenny, while at Aberystwyth it is sixty-five pounds. Similarly, the boll weighs three imperial bushels at Newcastle, four throughout Scotland, six at Berwick, 254 pounds at Glasgow and 240 pounds at Hamilton. A quarter measures 496 pounds in country districts and 504 pounds in London.—London Milling.

Unique Advertising.

A tale is told of Robert Bonner and of his belief in advertising. One day he engaged a whole page of a newspaper and repeated a two line advertisement upon it over and over again. It must have been repeated 5,000 times upon the page in the smallest type.

"Why do you waste your money, Robert?" asked a friend. "I noticed that same line so often. Would not half a page have answered your purpose?"

"Half a page would never have caused you to ask the question," replied Mr. Bonner. "At least five people will ask that to every line was the way I figured it."

Opening His Hand.

William Penn was once urging a man he knew to stop drinking to excess when the man suddenly asked, "Can you tell me of an easy way to do it?" "Yes," Penn replied readily; "it is just as easy as to open thy hand, friend." "Convince me of that," the man explained, "and I will promise upon my honor to do as you tell me." "Well, my friend," Penn answered, "whenever thou findest a glass of liquor in thy hand open that hand before the glass touches thy lips, and thou wilt never drink to excess again."

No Surplus Wealth.

"What are you going to do with your surplus wealth?" "My friend," answered Mr. Dustin Stax, "surplus wealth is a myth, a superstition. There is no such thing in the personal experience of any individual."—Washington Star.

It is only because each man is so different from his fellows that we are able to endure one another's company.



Paris-Cincinnati Excursion

Sunday, Sept. 15th

Leave Paris, Ky., 7:50 a. m.
Leave Cincinnati 8:30 p. m.
from 4th street station.

Fare \$1.50

Round Trip

BASEBALL:
ZOO.

Breezy Rides to the Hill Tops.
Matinees at Theaters.

W. H. HARRIS, Agent,
D. S. JORDAN, T. A.

ELITE BARBER SHOP
CARL - GRAWFORD
Proprietor.

Cold and Hot Baths.

FIVE CHAIRS - NO WAITS

On'y First-class Barbers Employed.

FOREST THOMAS.
CHARLES THOMAS.

THOMAS BROS
Cleaning and Pressing of
Men's and Ladies'
Clothes.
Special Attention Given to
Ladies' Work.

French Dry Cleaning.

704 Main St.

WHEAT
WANTED.

Highest
Market
Price!

Phones 16.

Paris Milling Co.

Imported Swiss

Brick and

Neufchatel

Cheese

Just Received.

SHEA & CO.

Both Phones 423.

Two First-Class Saloons.

Cornee 10th and Main and 714 Main Streets.

VANHOOK

Bottled in Bond \$1.00 Per Quart.

Best \$2.00 per Gallon whiskey in the world. This
is not rectified whiskey, but

2 Stamp Goods.

Our best barrel goods at \$4 per gallon can't be beat

LION DRAUGHT BEER and BOT-
TLED BEERS Always Fresh and Cold.

T. F. BRANNON.
Paris, Ky.

Stop and Think

what it cost you to decorate your home, including paper,
draperies, etc., then you will put in

ELECTRIC LIGHTS

which are absolutely free from soot or dirt of any kind
and will not discolor the most delicate ceiling.

Think of the convenience. Touch a button and you
can turn the light on in any part of the house; does
away with carrying around lighted matches and the
danger of fire.

ELECTRIC LIGHT is just what you need these
hot nights. Clear, bright and cool. Try a portable
Electric Stand Lamp and you will be convinced.

We can wire your house without inconvenience to
you. Consult us today.

PARIS ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

S. L. ALLEN, - - - Manager.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE TIME CARD

(In Effect March 17, 1907.)

Arrival and Departure of Trains At and From Paris.

No.	ARRIVES FROM	No.	LEAVES FOR
34	Atlanta, Ga. 5:28 am	34	Cincinnati, O. 5:25 am
14	Lexington, Ky. 5:31 am	40	Maysville, Ky. 6:25 am
29	Cynthiana, Ky. 7:40 am	67	Lexington, Ky. 7:55 am
67	Maysville, Ky. 7:45 am	10	Maysville, Ky. 8:00 am
10	Rowland and Richmond. 7:47 am	38	Cincinnati, O. 8:00 am
38	Lexington, Ky. 7:50 am	29	Richmond and Rowland. 8:05 am
31	Cincinnati, O. 11:10 am	13	Lexington, Ky. 11:15 am
61	Maysville, Ky. 11:05 am	33	Knoxville, Tenn. 11:20 am
25	Lexington, Ky. 11:50 am	62	Maysville, Ky. 11:55 am
25	Cynthiana, Ky. 3:15 pm	26	Cynthiana, Ky. 11:57 am
9	Maysville, Ky. 3:20 pm	25	Lexington, Ky. 3:30 pm
12	Lexington, Ky. 3:25 pm	32	Cincinnati, O. 3:40 pm
32	Knoxville, Tenn. 3:28 pm	9	Richmond and Rowland. 5:55 pm
26	Rowland and Richmond. 5:13 pm	37	Lexington, Ky. 5:55 pm
63	Maysville, Ky. 5:25 pm	28	Cynthiana, Ky. 6:30 pm
37	Cincinnati, O. 5:45 pm	68	Maysville, Ky. 6:35 pm
68	Lexington, Ky. 6:25 pm	11	Lexington, Ky. 10:35 pm
31	Cincinnati, O. 10:30 pm	31	Atlanta, Ga. 10:35 pm

Farm For Rent.

Bicycle For Sale.

My farm of 506 acres near Ewalt's
Cross Roads on Paris and Cynthiana
pikes. Right to seed this fall.
W. E. HIBLER.
712 W. Main Lexington, Ky.

Iroquois Bicycle. High grade ma-
chine. Only been ridden once. Girls
style. Reason for selling child cannot
ride on account of health. Suitable
for girl 8 to 12 years. For further in-
formation apply to J. W. E. at



Sold by W. C. DODSON, Paris, Ky.

NEW GROCERY

NEW STOCK...

I take this method of announcing to my friends that I have just opened a New Grocery at the corner of Eighth and Henderson streets, and to solicit a share of their patronage. I will at all times have a fresh, clean stock of

Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Country Produce, Fresh Vegetables, Fruits, Etc., Etc.

Prompt delivery to all parts of the city. Both Phones, 269. Call me up.

A. B. LOVELL

CASSITY BROS.

CHAS. CASSITY. AARON CASSITY
Main Street, Over Bowling Alley, Paris, Ky.

LADIES' GARMENTS DRY CLEANER

Anything from a pair of gloves to ball or opera gowns and frock draperies to oriental rugs, will be made JUST LIKE NEW, cleaned by our exclusive

FRENCH BENZOL PROCESS

We are the ONLY house in the country using the Benzol method for dry cleaning. This exclusive process keeps garments clean three times as long as those cleaned all other processes. Neither odor, shrinkage, fading nor injury to Benzol cleaned fabrics.

The French Benzol Dry Cleaning Co.

Hats Cleaned and Blocked while you wait.

Phone No. 78.

BRUCE HOLLADAY,

UP-TO-DATE GROCER.

Everything New, Fresh
and Clean.

Your Patronage Solicited.

Both Phones. Main St., near Fifth.

Our Washington Man.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Washington is undeniably dull these days. With the President still away on his vacation, as also practically every member of his cabinet, things are indeed slow, and were it not for the local building trades strikes, the occasional cutting of Roosevelt and Secretary Taft, life here would be unbearable at this time. Of course, there's the anti-vice crusade of the police department against the proprietors of bucketshops and hand-book men, but even this diversion has grown somewhat stale. As for politics, so many conflicting reports reach here, that at first glance it would seem there are enough Presidential candidates to fill not only the Roosevelt successorship, but to make up a cabinet as well. Every section seems to have a different "favorite son" and every visiting politician brings sanguinary reports of the progress of his man's boom in this State or that county or district. Each one of them is so sure his candidate will win, that Washingtonians are a bit bewildered. Most of them, however, are waiting to be "shown," refusing to take stock in the premature political prognostications.

The United States is not the only country that is striving to bring its waterways up to a high standard of navigability. Far from it. Reports reaching the State Department from United States consuls in every part of the world indicate that waterway development is universally conceded to be the highway to an increased and stimulated commerce. The old plan of a ship canal across the narrowest part of Scotland has been revived, and business interests of Glasgow and Edinburgh are strongly in favor of it. France has similar schemes under way and in contemplation; millions being expended for a single project that will connect Lyon and Marseille. Germany, also, has her big improvement plans, and now Russia, with all her revolutions and anarchistic uprisings, and with her great war debt, has come forward with a gigantic improvement project that calls for the expenditure of \$130,000,000. A preliminary survey now is being made for the construction of a canal, 1,525 miles in length, connecting the Baltic with the Black Sea. In the United States this form of internal development is in its infancy. Congress has not yet been convinced that there is a popular demand for this work, and the money appropriated at the last session hardly will suffice to do more than inaugurate a "great national scheme of river and harbor betterments." For this reason the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, which has been striving to bring home to the nation the real and vital importance of this work, now is making strenuous efforts to extend its membership and its influence, so that by the time the Sixtieth Congress convenes there will be no mistaking the popularity of the sentiment in favor of immediate and comprehensive waterway development.

The people of the United States who so enthusiastically contributed to the fund with which a magnificent home was purchased and presented to the hero of Manila, Admiral George Dewey, doubtless will be interested in the announcement that Admiral Dewey has just leased the house to Frank Mitchell, millionaire and clubman. When the retired naval officer returns to Washington from his summer vacation, he will take up his residence in the house owned by his wife, which was occupied by Secretary Hitchcock until his retirement from the cabinet. This house is larger and better fitted for entertaining than the one purchased from James E. Fitch with the money raised by popular subscription.

With the advent of the first of September, lovers of seafood can eat oysters with perfect assurance. According to experts, oysters never are fit to eat during any months but those which have an "r" occurring in their names. For four long months, therefore, Washingtonians, who like nothing better than a plate of "blue points, raw," or a "dozen fried," have gone without their favorite dishes, and as a result the demand for the oysters at the opening of the season has been so great that it would seem no inland city will get a chance at the famous Chesapeake Bay product. Oystermen say that the local demand is far greater than the supply, and are selling at fancy prices all they can bring in.

Millersburg Military Institute.

Millersburg Military Institute opens Wednesday, September 11th. Tuition and Board \$300. Address or call on MAJ. C. M. BEST, Principal, aug27-1mo Millersburg, Ky.

Keene Winner But Still Loser.

James R. Keene, whose success on the turf this year has attracted much attention is quoted as saying that despite the fact that his horses have earned \$250,000 this season, he has not made money by his racing ventures. "I would not advise any man to start a breeding and racing establishment with the expectation of making profit in his investment," said Mr. Keene. "With all of my successes taken into consideration, I do not know that I have made money out of my horses. There have been many years during which my horses have cost me upward of \$125,000 more than the proceeds of yearlings' sales and purses won. There are more conditions than I can enumerate to bear out this."

Typhoid Wiping Out Entire Family

An unusual scene was witnessed in the chuchyard of Pine Grove, about eight miles south of Stanford Tuesday, when the two sons of W. G. James were laid to rest in the same grave. Both were bright young boys, aged seventeen and eleven years, respectively. About three weeks ago the James family was stricken with typhoid fever. Six of a family of seven were ill. Mrs. James was the first to die. Within seventeen days she had been followed by three of her children, a daughter, aged twenty-one years, and the two sons. W. G. James, the father, and his youngest son are now near the point of death.

What Ails You?

Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heartburn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach gnaw or burn, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, torpid liver with indigestion, and dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and nerve strengthener.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at its formula will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of the following native American forest plants, viz., Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Bloodroot, and Mandrake root.

The following leading medical authorities, among a host of others, extol the foregoing roots for the cure of just such ailments as the above symptoms indicate: Prof. R. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Med. College, Phila.; Prof. H. C. Wood, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., Author of American Dispensary; Prof. J. M. Scott, M. D., Author of Specific Medicines; Prof. Laurence Johnson, M. D., Med. Dept. Univ. of Chicago; Prof. J. E. Ellingwood, M. D., Author of Materia Medica and Prof. in Keokuk Medical College, Chicago. Send name and address on postal card to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive free booklet giving extracts from writings of all the above medical authorities and many others endorsing in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient of which "Golden Medical Discovery" is composed.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. They may be used in conjunction with "Golden Medical Discovery" if bowels are much constipated. They're tiny and sugar-coated.

It seems to take just as much hard chasing for a girl to land a no-account man as it does to land a prize.

Neighbors Got Fooled.

"I was literally coughing myself to death, and had become too weak to leave my bed; and neighbors predicted that I would never leave it alive; but they got fooled, for thanks be to God, I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It took just four one dollar bottles to completely cure the cough and restore me to good sound health," writes Mrs. Eva Unrueher, of Grovetown, Stark county, Ind. "This king of coughs and cold cures, and heal of throat and lungs is guaranteed by Oberdorfer, the druggist. 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

William's Kidney Pills.

Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your kidneys and bladder? Have you pains in the loins, side, back, groins and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, especially under the eyes? Too frequent desire to pass urine? If so, William's Kidney Pills will cure you. Sample free. By mail 50 cents. Sold by Oberdorfer.

WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Props., Cleveland, O.

Any work is honest when honestly performed.

A contented workman earns his wages.

Williams' Carbolic Salve With Arnica And Witch Hazel.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, bruises, Scres, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c by druggists.

WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Props., Cleveland, O.

A prominent manufacturer, Wm. A. Fertilizer, of Luncama, N. C., relates a most remarkable experience. He says: "After taking less than three bottles of Electric Bitters, I feel like one rising from the grave. My trouble is Bright's disease in the diabetes stage. I fully believe Electric Bitters will cure me permanently, for it has already stopped the liver and bladder complications which have troubled me for years." Guaranteed at Oberdorfer's, the druggist. Price only 50 cents.

Sanctification does not mean exclusiveness.

A FOOLISH PLAN



"It is a joy to eat—I welcome my dinner hour; because I rout indigestion with August Flower!"

Constipation is the result of indigestion, biliousness, flatulency, loss of appetite, self-poisoning, anemia, emaciation, uric acid, neuralgia in various parts of the system, catarrhal inflammation of the intestinal canal and numerous other ailments that rob life of its pleasures if they do not finally rob you of life itself.

"I'm bound in the bowels," is a common expression of people who look miserable and are miserable—yet who persist in "letting nature take its course."

What a foolish plan, when nature could be aided by the use of Green's August Flower, which is nature's own remedy for constipation and all stomach ills.

August Flower gives new life to the liver and insures healthy stools.

Two sizes, 25c and 75c. All druggists.

G. S. VARDEN & SON, Paris, Ky.

MISSOURI CASE LIKE KENTUCKY'S

In the Matter of Trouble With Tax System.

A Tax Commission Has Just Made a Report That Is of Interest In This State.

Missouri has been laboring under a difficulty in its tax system nearly exactly similar to that of Kentucky. A tax commission has been at work in Missouri and in line with the tax commissions of other progressive states it has found no solution of the difficulties of the situation short of a constitutional amendment that will give the legislature greater liberty in dealing with the question; but it also points out that such an amendment is chiefly desirable because it will lead to separation of the sources of state revenue from the sources of county revenue.

The comments of the Missouri tax commission are so pertinent to the situation in Kentucky that the following extracts will be found of interest:

"We all agreed that the first step in any tax reform is the separation of the sources of state and local revenue. This change would not require the exemption of any class of property from taxation. The proposed change may be effected by the adoption of a single constitutional amendment.

The general features of this separation of the sources of state and local revenues may be briefly summarized. The state would discontinue the levy of a general property tax upon the real and personal property of the state, leaving the assessment and collection of this tax to the counties and municipalities for local purposes. This would make a saving of the large expense incident to the present dual system. It would also dispense with the work of the State Board of Equalization connected with the attempted equalization of assessments of real and personal property among the counties of the state.

"The state would thereafter derive its revenue through its inherent general power of taxation upon general subjects of taxation, as by licenses, corporation taxes, inspection fees and such other forms of taxation as the general assembly may determine.

"The different rates of assessment in the different counties, enforced by the different demands for local revenue, would no longer produce inequality in taxation with reference to the state tax. The remedy proposed is, in our opinion, the only effective remedy. Each community could fix its own rate of valuation as its local needs may require, without subjecting its citizens to the injustice of being compelled to pay an undue share of state taxation.

"There is now a certain kind of home rule in taxation, which consists in the variation of the rates of assessment upon property according to the local needs of the community. Some counties paying taxes on 70 or 80 per cent of the real value of property, and others only 20 or 30 per cent. The report of the Tax Commission of 1903 says: 'It is in the bounds of truth today that no two counties of the state have the same rule for the assessment of all classes of property, and generally speaking, there is absolutely no uniformity as to the proportion of the cash value taken as a basis of the assessed value. Some counties value real estate, so far as our reports show, as low as 30 per cent of its selling price, while others have a 90 per cent basis. Some assess real estate at 33 1/2 per cent, and tangible personal property at 50 per cent. The commission concluded that there was an absolute want of equality in taxation.

"This inequality can not be remedied by the State Board of Equalization, for the obvious reason that the high rate of assessment in certain counties, including the city of St. Louis, is enforced by the pressing demand for revenue for local requirements. The board can not raise the assessments of the counties which make a low valuation, as that would be imposing an unnecessary burden upon those communities.

"We see no remedy for this existing inequality and resulting injustice, except in the separation of the sources of state and local revenue.

"Under the plan proposed, the state would retain all of its inherent powers of taxation, except as to the general property tax upon real and personal property, which would be assessed and collected by counties and cities for local purposes. The state now levies a tax upon insurance companies, dramshops, express companies, sundry corporations, license and inspection taxes, and a collateral inheritance tax. What other forms of taxation may be adopted will be for the General Assembly, in its discretion, to determine. The system proposed requires no change in the existing limitations upon the tax rates of the counties, cities and school districts.

"The change recommended requires no modification of the methods of assessing the property of railroads and other public service corporations by the State Board of Equalization. That system is statutory and its continuance or modification is subject to the control of the General Assembly. Should the present system be continued, whereby the assessed valuation made by the state board is apportioned to the counties, the General Assembly should continue the present state tax upon such valuation and provide for its direct payment into the state treasury."

Think about what kind of overhauling he wants done, he inevitably reaches the conclusion that the starting point is an amendment to the constitution of the state.

At Work in Ohio.
This sort of unrest as to taxation is widespread. In Ohio the State Board of Commissioners is actively advocating an amendment to the Ohio state constitution. The is also a tax commission, which has an official existence, engaged in holding hearings all over the state and giving citizens of every occupation a chance to air their views on the subject. The difficulty in Ohio is very similar to the difficulty in Kentucky. They are restricted there to the general property tax. They are pushing an amendment which will allow the legislature to separate the sources of revenue; that is, to raise the state revenue from certain classes of property, leaving other classes of property to be taxed for local purposes only. Ohio has tried before to separate its revenue from its constitution along these lines, but has failed, but sentiment in the state now, if an opinion may be formed by the hearings given by the tax commission, is overwhelmingly in favor of the amendment.

Missouri Is Busy.
In Missouri a special tax commission, of which Frederick N. Hudson was chairman, recommended to the legislature the separation of the sources of state and local revenue, and proposed a constitutional amendment providing for such separation, giving greater discretion to the legislature and also giving localities an option in matters of taxation. The amendment was adopted by the last legislature of Missouri and will be voted on by the people of the state at the next general election. This amendment provides that the sources of state and local revenue shall be separated by the year 1909, and that thereafter the counties in the state may tax or exempt for local purposes any class of property, in the discretion of the county court. It will be observed that both Ohio and Missouri are striving for the system of separating local and state sources of revenue. This is the system that has been in successful operation for many years in Pennsylvania, and it seems a logical and only satisfactory solution of the present complicated tax situation.

Minnesota Makes Progress.
The people of Minnesota at the last election held in that state ratified a constitutional amendment, which practically removed all limitations as to the power of the legislature in relation to taxation. The legislature at its session last winter passed two measures recommended by the governor for the purpose of putting into effect the provisions of the constitutional amendment. One of these provided for a permanent tax commission to recommend amendments to the revenue laws and to perform other administrative work. The other measure imposed a recording tax on mortgages of one-half of one per cent. In this mortgage tax Minnesota is following the experiment successfully tried by the state of New York. Under this plan the tax of one-half of one per cent is collected when the mortgage is recorded, and the mortgage is thereafter exempt from taxation. Old mortgages may be registered on payment of one-half of one per cent tax, and are thereafter also exempt from further taxation. In both Minnesota and New York this plan of taxing mortgages has been found at once productive of increased revenue. It has some very decided advantages over the plan which Kentucky is now trying, the chief visible effect of which at present is to tax holders of mortgages who live in the state, while exempting holders of mortgages on Kentucky property who live outside the state.

In Illinois the Civic Federation of Chicago has procured the introduction of an amendment to the constitution of the state very similar to that adopted in Minnesota.

Activity In Other States.
In the state of Washington there has been very considerable agitation of the question of taxation, and the last legislature passed a measure affecting the method of taxing intangible personality. One result of separating different kinds of property for different rates of taxation and for different purposes is that the tax burden can in this way be just to each class of property according to its burden-bearing capacity.

In the state of Oklahoma a clause was inserted in the constitution very similar to the tax provisions of the Minnesota constitution. A number of other states have taken considerable work. Texas has just been overhauling its tax laws. The tax commission of California has just made its report. In the state of New York a tax reform league has been at work for nearly fifteen years, with the aim of making very wise amendments to the tax laws of that state have been made.

Needs Thorough Study.
No state needs to have the tax question thoroughly studied and studied in the light of the experience of other states, as well as with due regard to its own experience, more than does Kentucky. For fifteen years since the new constitution was adopted, we have striven hard to realize that dream of uniformity in taxation which animated the makers of the new constitution. We have not succeeded in doing this. It is true the revenues of the state have increased, but the tax burden has been extremely heavy on some classes of property, while some classes of property have gone almost scot free. The amount of money, stocks and bonds reported for taxation is ridiculously small. The falsity of the tax returns betrays itself upon comparison with the reports of the deposits in the banks. The only kind of personal property that does not escape taxation is that visible tangible personal property, found chiefly on the farm. The farmer can not hide his horses, cattle and farming implements, so he has to pay, while the man in town can hide his money, or his stocks and bonds, and escape his share of the burden. This will always be the case while human nature remains as it is. It is incumbent upon Kentucky to find some way of deriving a revenue from this elusive class of property.

It will probably take a long time for Kentucky to reach the point of believing in the policy of separating the sources of revenue, selecting one class of property from which to raise its state revenues, another class of property from which to raise its city revenues. Unless the experience of all other states is to be belied by the experience of Kentucky, that is what we are to come to some time, though it may be far in the future. We can not well continue to adhere to a system that is being abandoned by other states and which, if persisted in, will put us in the position of handicapping our property owners of every class with a burdensome tax system, which will seriously injure them in the sharp competition with the less heavily burdened property owners of other states. It is, at least, worth while for Kentucky to be studying the question and think seriously about it.

The Old Bourbon Fair.

FRIDAY.

The fourth day of the old Bourbon Fair, Friday, was but a continuation of the excellent program of Thursday. Four thousand people passed through the gates. The weather was ideal for the race. The feature of the day was the race for ponies under thirty-six weeks, best two in three heats, three times around the arena to constitute a heat. The entries were Marvin Ratcliff, riding Dr. William Kenney's entry, while Will Estill Moore, the little son of County Attorney T. E. Moore, Jr., had two entries. Ratcliff won in a close decision.

The best lady driver, accompanied by a gentleman, was another hard one for the judges and was awarded to Miss Amelia Terrell, driving the double team of John T. Hughes, accompanied by Mr. Hughes, with second honors to Miss Florence Abbott, of Shelbyville. For the premium offered by Yerkes & Kenney for the best harness horse mare or gelding, driven to a Kauffman buggy, was won by Ashland Maid, driven by C. C. Harris, of Lexington, with six entries, including Teddy Roosevelt.

The ring of the day was for sweepstakes for the best saddle stallion, mare or gelding. Some of the best saddle horses in Kentucky competed for the liberal premium of \$200 offered by the directors of the society and included Dandy Jim, champion of 1907, Teddy Roosevelt, who has beaten every three year old out this year, The Chancellor and Grey King, both of whom have been victorious in many contests. Dandy Jim was awarded first honors, Teddy Roosevelt second, The Chancellor third, and Grey King fourth.

In the ring for the best saddle stallion, four years old and over, Dandy Jim, M. D. Martin's premium saddle stallion, made the greatest show of his career and it is doubtful if any horse in the world could have beaten him.

In the ring for the best saddle stallion three years old and under four were three entries, as follows: Teddy Roosevelt, owned by Collins & Redmon, and ridden by W. G. Shropshire; Marvel King, owned by Jones Bros., and ridden by A. G. Jones, and Chester Bude, owned by Letton Bros. It was easily seen that Teddy Roosevelt and Marvel King were contenders and the exhibition of horsemanship by their riders was the greatest ever seen in Bourbon. The honors went to Teddy Roosevelt, with Marvel King as second choice.

The entries in the ring for the best saddle stallion two years old and under three, were sons of the great sire, Bourbon King, and were Bohemian King, ridden by his owner, A. G. Jones, and King of Bourbon, ridden by W. G. Shropshire.

The contest was a beautiful one, as the horses circled the arena in action characteristic of their great sire, Bohemian King received the honors, with King of Bourbon a close second. The winner in the ring for the best saddle stallion, one year old and under two, was another son of the great Bourbon King, Isle of Bye and Bye, and was shown by J. L. Garrick, of Georgetown, with Judah Chief, shown by J. W. Oliver, of Winchester, second.

In the ring for the best saddle stallion, under 1 year, Barbee's King, shown by the Barbee Stock Farm, Millersburg, was first, with bay colt by Bourne Chief, Jr., shown by J. A. Seay, of Bourbon, second.

The first ring was for the best harness mare or gelding, any age, driven to a Columbus, O., buggy. The Chancellor, owned by T. H. Smiley & Son, Lexington, Ashland Maid, shown by C. C. Harris, Lexington, and Dr. Clarke, shown by John Clarke, were the entries. The Chancellor was given first premium, while second choice went to Ashland Maid.

The greatest show of the day and the hardest ring for the judges to decide was for the best mare or gelding, any age. The entries were The Chancellor, owned by T. H. Smiley & Son, Lexington, and ridden by John Smiley; Gallantry, owned and ridden by A. G. Jones; Irma Dorris, owned and ridden

by Lard Shropshire, and Grey King, owned by George Herriott, and ridden by E. C. Ward.

The Chancellor came out victorious, with Grey King second and Gallantry third.

Best horse mule, three years old and over.—Carriers & Beard, Lexington, first and second.

Horse mule under one year.—John Jameson, Cynthiana, first; Frank Collins, North Middletown, second.

Mare mules, three years old and over.—Thompson & Davis, Lexington, first; W. L. Crim, Fayette county, second.

Mare mule one year old and under two.—Charles Martin, Millersburg, first; E. R. Davis, Helena, Ky., second.

Mare mule under one year.—A. O. Robinson, Millersburg, first; Frank Collins, North Middletown, second.

Best team of mules driven to farm wagon.—Thompson & Davis, Lexington, first.

Six good geldings were entered in the ring for the best harness gelding four years old and over, among which were the following: Smiley & Son's Cardinal, E. C. Ward's Georgetown, Carpenter Bros.' Prince King and Millersburg Lad. Cardinal carried off first honors, while Georgetown received the red ribbon.

Harness gelding, three years old and under four, Mestizo, property of T. C. Jefferson, Lexington, first; Highland Lad, owned by C. R. Mason, North Middletown, second.

For the best harness gelding, Collins' Dude won.

Gallantry, Grey King and The Champion again met in the ring for the best saddle gelding four years old and over, the latter again coming out victorious, with Grey King wearing second honors.

In the ring for the best saddle gelding three years old and under four, the bay gelding exhibited by Shropshire Bros. won, with Carpenter Bros.' chestnut gelding second.

The Captain, W. L. Nutter's entry, won the blue ribbon for the best saddle gelding two years old and under three, with Frank Collins' Dude second.

In the ring for the fanciest turnout H. G. McIlvain, of Lexington, with Miss Abbott, of Shelbyville, were awarded the blue in this class.

T. H. Smiley & Sons, of Lexington, kept up their remarkable winning streak, by capturing the blue ribbon in the ring for the best pair of harness geldings, their entry being The Champion and The Cardinal.

In the ring for the best pair of mares driven to harness Walter Clark, of Paris, defeated John T. Hughes, of Fayette.

The contest for the best boy rider was spirited and unusually interesting, W. Hutchcraft winning over James Clay Ward.

For the best walking horse, Warren Rogers won, with W. D. Judy second. Sweepstakes for the best pair of stallions, mares or geldings, was hotly contested, with Carpenter Bros.' bays, Smiley & Son's chestnuts and T. C. Jefferson's Ashland Maid and Mestizo.

The crowd seemed evenly divided between the first two entries, the ring being a hard one to decide. Ashland Maid and Mestizo carried off first honors, with Smiley & Son's entry second.

SATURDAY.

Saturday, the closing day of the Bourbon Fair, brought out as large a crowd as the day before, there being about four thousand people on the grounds.

The features of the day were the shetland pony exhibit for the fanciest turnout, the prettiest girl baby of Bourbon county, and the special premium of \$100 offered by the business men of Paris for the best harness horse, mare or gelding.

There were three entries for the best stallion four years old and over, as follows: Sunland Chief, owned and driven by J. Miller Ward; Dr. Clarke, owned by John Clarke, and driven by John Hunter, and Boscoe B. owned and driven by Doug Thomas. The ring was close, the honors going to Dr. Clarke, with second premium awarded to Sunland Chief.

For the best stallion three years

and under four.—Reward, owned by E. C. Ward, of Georgetown, first, one entry.

In the next ring for the best stallion two years old and under three—Garrett Jefferson, Millersburg, first. One entry.

Four entries loomed up in the contest for the best mare four years old and over. Ashland Maid, owned by C. C. Harris, of Lexington, carried off the honors, while James E. Clay's Edna Earl was second. In the competition the Maid never looked in danger as she outlooked and outtrots all of her competitors.

Three good ones contested for the premium for the best mare three years old and under four with Allie Moore entered by W. L. Nutter, of Georgetown as the winner. Prizes owned by Rudolph Davis was second.

For the best mare two years old and under three E. L. Parker of Georgetown won with Lucile Stone.

In the Shetland pony ring for the fanciest turnout were three entries: Billy Button, driven by Anne Wilson, with her sister, Catherine Wilson; Prince, driven by William Estill Moore with his sister, Marion Moore; Cock Robin, owned by Edwin K. Thomas, Jr., and driven by Harvey Kerr, with Elmeta Hinton and Elizabeth Yerkes.

The contest, aside from its attractiveness, was a hard one for the judges, who finally decided the blue in favor of Cock Robin, with second honors to Billy Button.

In the ring for the best saddle shetland, Cock Robin was again victorious with Barbee, owned by Elizabeth Hall, second. For the best Roadster Shetland, Billy Button, owned and driven by Anna Wilson, won. Lenthy, owned by Barbee Stock Farm and driven by Clarence Barbee, was second.

The ring for the prettiest girl baby was the star attraction of the afternoon exhibit and included six entries, Ruth Perkins, first premium; Lillian Taylor, Lucile Chipman, Aline Robert, Maguerite Letton, second premium and Irene Smith, third.

In the combined ring the entries were: The Chancellor and Forrest Shropshire's Jack O' Diamonds. The former won handily.

For the best three-gaited saddle horse, Ora Mae, owned by Brock Bros. and ridden by J. W. Brock; Brigadier General, owned by Shropshire Bros. and ridden by W. G. Shropshire; Miss Hamilton, owned by Walter Clarke; Julia Doyle, owned by Ed Burke were the entries. Brigadier General and Ora Mae were the contenders, the blue ribbon going to the former.

Five good entries contested for the premium of \$175 offered by the business men of Paris for the best harness horse, mare or gelding, and were as follows: The Chancellor, Ashland Maid, Mestizo, Dr. Clarke, and Sunland Chief. The Chancellor, the property of T. H. Smiley & Sons, of Lexington, was the victor. Mestizo, the property of T. C. Jefferson of Lexington second. Ashland Maid owned and shown by C. C. Harris, of Lexington, third.

In the ring for the best rockaway horse, The Chancellor, Sterling, owned by H. C. McElvaine of Lexington and ridden by John T. Hughes, of Fayette, were the entries. Chancellor was again victorious, with Sterling second.

In the Model ring, Lady Rogers, owned by John T. Hughes; Martha Allen, owned by J. F. Young; Rosa Queen, owned by Barbee Stock Farm; Jack O' Diamond, and Princess, owned by Forrest Shropshire, were the entries. Martha Allen was given the honors with Rosa Queen, second. Mr. Young was offered a very handsome price for her young filly but declined to sell.

In the ring for the best harness stallion, mare or gelding, driven to a Babcock vehicle, there were six entries. Here Teddy Roosevelt and Ashland Maid again contested in the ring and after long drawn out contest great was the disappointment when Ashland Maid was pronounced the winner. Teddy Roosevelt was given second honors.

POULTRY.

S. C. Buff Orpington.—Cock, first; cockrel, 1st and 2nd; pens, 1st, 2nd and 4th. Pullets, 1st and 4th; pens, 1st and 3rd. Duncan Bell, Paris.

Cock, 3rd; cockrel, 4th; pullets, 2nd and 3rd; pen 3rd. A. S. Ashbrook, Cynthiana. Cock, 2nd, hen, 4th; pen, 4th. Roger Harp, Lexington.

R. C. Rhode Island Reds.—Cock, 1st; cockrel, 1st; hens, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th; pullets, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th; pens, 1st and 2nd. Elmer S. Foote, Paris.

Buff Plymouth Rocks.—Cock, 1st; cockrel, 1st, 2nd and 3rd; hens, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th; pullets, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th; pens, 1st and 2nd, Sidney G. Clay, Paris.

Pekin Ducks.—Drake 1st, duck, 1st, Thomas Link, Paris.

S. C. Brown Leghorns.—Cock, 3rd; hens, 1st, 2nd and 4th; pullets, 1st, 2nd; Cockrel, 2nd; pen 2nd. Mrs. R. F. White, Paris.

Cock, 1st and 2nd; cockrel, 1st; hen, 4th; pullet 2nd; pen 1st. McDowell, Mayville.

White Plymouth Rocks.—Cock, 1st and 2nd; hens, 1st, 2nd, 3d and 4th; pen 1st. McDowell.

Buff Wyandottes.—Cock, 1st; cockrel, 1st and 2nd; hens, 1st, 2nd and 3rd; pullets, 1st and 2nd; pen, 1st. McDowell.

Cock, 1st; Pen 1st; pullets, 1st; cockrel 1st; hens, 1st, 2nd and 3rd. McDowell.

Cock, 2nd and 3rd; hen, 4th; pen, 2nd and 3rd. N. F. Clark, Paris.

White Wyandottes.—Cock, 3d; hen, 1st; pullet, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th; pen 2d and 3d. Elmer S. Foote, Paris.

Hens, 3rd and 4th; pen, 3d. W. E. Jackson, Lexington.

Cock, 1st and 2d; hen, 2d; pen, 1st. D. D. Slade, Lexington.

S. C. White Leghorns.—Cock, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th; pullets, 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th; pens, 1st and 2nd. Dr. G. J. Clarke, Paris.

Barred Plymouth Rocks.—Cock, 2nd and 4th; cockrel, 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th; pullets, 1st and 2d; hens, 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th; pens, 1st and 2nd. J. W. Tanner, Paris.

Cocks 3rd and 4th; pullets 3rd and 4th; pens 3rd and 4th. McDowell.

Cock, 1st. Roger Harp Lexington.

Impetive.

An infantry soldier named Scheiber died on the last day of his leave in his home in a little village in upper Austria. The village burgomaster, himself an old soldier, remembered that the commanding officer of Scheiber's regiment should be notified of the death, and he proceeded to do so in the following letter:

"The undersigned village burgomaster requests on behalf of the soldier Scheiber two days' more leave, as otherwise his interment cannot take place."—Vienna Press.

Remarkable Vision.

An old woman who had been in the infirmary with sore eyes told a neighbor that the doctor took out her eyes and scraped them with lances. "Nonsense, woman," replied the other. "Ye shouldn't believe all ye hear. The doctors would only be stuffing ye." "Oh, but ye know it's no use saying that, for I awakened up out of the chloroform and saw both of my eyes lying on the table!"

His Clever Son.

The Dad—My son, I want to tell you that the secret of my success, as it must be of any man's, is hard work. I—The Son—Sir! Dad, I don't care to hear other people's secrets, and I am too much of a gentleman to take advantage of information gained that way. Say no more.—Cleveland Leader.

An Insinuation Feared.

Clergyman—Madam, you must be consoled with the thought that your husband is at rest. Widow—Do you mean that he didn't have any before he died?—New York Press.

All must respect those who respect themselves.—Beaconsfield.

Charges Barth With Graft.

Mayor Bingham, of Louisville, has issued a signed statement that in Mayor Barth's administration, twelve horses, a wagon and harness, which had been bought by the city for \$3,200, were sold to the Ohio Valley Teaming Company for \$625. Mayor Barth owned a fourth interest in the Ohio Valley Teaming Company. Mayor Bingham further says that a horse which cost the city \$225 was sold for \$85. He says he has records and affidavits to prove these statements.

Mayor Bingham says that about ten days ago when he first discovered evidences of the transactions he went to Mr. Barth and his friends and told them that the situation must be cleared up, but they failed to do anything. He says that the checks were made out payable to Mr. Barth personally, and the money went into his own pocket instead of the city treasury. He says that the Teaming Company has just paid into the city treasury \$1,600 the amount agreed upon by the company.

Breaks all Records.

Willis Augustus Lee, a young midshipman from Kentucky, won the grand prize for the national individual rifle match and also for the national individual match provided for by law and is participated in by the army, navy, marine corps and national guards. It is the first time that both prizes were ever won by the same man.

To Mammoth Cave.

Lowest rate ever named, \$12.65 from all stations on the Lexington, Paris and Maysville branches, September 24th. This amount will include railroad fare, also board at Cave Hotel from arrival for supper until after breakfast morning of the third day, also the large and short routes through the Cave, including a special side trip to see the ruins of Karnak, or great Mammoth Dome. Through on regular morning train. See L. N. agent.

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WHOLESALE WAREHOUSE CORNER PEARL AND VINE STREETS, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Closed all Day Monday. Sale Starts to-day, Tuesday, at 8 o'clock.

375 pairs of Men's samples of the Burt & Packard, and 500 samples of the famous Drew-Selby Shoe Co., of Portsmouth, Ohio, will go on sale at 1-2 PRICE. They consist of the newest Fall designs, all style shapes, made of every imaginable leathers. Don't miss this grand opportunity to buy new Fall Footwear at these phenomenal prices. Great reductions on Boys' and Girls' serviceable School Shoes, which are included in this sale.

Men's High Shoes and Oxfords.

Sale Price \$1.18
Buys Men's Shoes and Oxfords made of Vici Kid, Patent colt, and Soft Calfskin, all styles toes and all sizes. A Big Bargain at \$2.25.

Sale Price \$1.94
Buys Men's Shoes and Oxfords, made of fine Patent Colt, Gun Metal Calf, and Vici Kid; Blucher and Straight Lace, Broad and Narrow toes. Worth \$3.50.

Sale Price \$1.48
Buys Men's Shoes and Oxfords in all styles and shapes. Made of Vici Kid, Box Calf and Gun Metal Calf. Worth \$2.75.

Sale Price \$2.47
Buys Men's Oxfords and Shoes in all of this Spring's and Summer's latest creations. Made of fine Patent Colt, Tan, Russia Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Vici Kid; in button and lace, all styles toes and all sizes. Worth \$4.00.

Women's Oxfords and Shoes.



Sale Price 95c
Extraordinary are the values this lot of Shoes contain. They consist of Vici Kid, Tan Russett Calf and Patent Colt; Gibson and blucher effects. A Bargain at \$2.00.

Sale Price \$1.24
Buys choice of Women's Oxfords and Shoes; made of fine Patent Kid, soft Vici Kid, and Tan Russett Calf; made in this season's smartest effects. Worth \$3.00.

Sale Price \$1.99
Never in the history of our career have we been able to offer such rare bargains; all of this season's new and up-to-date styles in Oxfords and Shoes. Every pair strictly bench made, welt and turn soles. Leathers of Patent Kid, Matte Kid, Gun-Metal Calf and Soft French Kid. Every pair worth \$4.00 and \$4.50.

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Buys choice of Misses' and Children's Shoes; made of Plump Vici Kid, Patent Colt and Box Calf. Blucher and Straight Lace, Extension and light sole. Truly a bargain. Worth \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Sale Price \$1.24 and \$1.45
Buys choice of Misses' Shoes, made of genuine Patent Colt, soft Vici Kid and Gun Metal Calf, extra broad Manish lasts, to insure perfect comfort, extension soles, patent and kid tips, worth \$1.75 and \$2.00.

Sale Price 49c and 59c
Buys choice of Infants' Shoes, made of extra fine soft Kid Skin, Patent Kid and a large variety colors; made on nice broad lasts, button and lace, all style heels; worth \$1 and \$1.25.

Sale Price \$1.74 and \$1.65
Buys choice of Misses' very finest Shoes, made by the foremost manufacturers of Children's Shoes in the world. They come in all leathers all style toe shapes and all weight soles. Worth \$2.50 and \$3.

Boys' School Shoes.
Sale Price \$1.24 and 99c
Buys choice of Boys and Youth's Shoes, made of heavy Box Calf, Satin Calf and Gun Metal Calf, good heavy, extension soles, Blucher and Straight Lace. Worth \$1.50 and \$2.

Sale Price \$1.49 and \$1.99
Buys choice of Boys' Shoes, made of extra fine Patent Colt, Gun Metal Calf and Box Calf, made on all the new lasts, all style toe shapes. Worth \$2.50 and \$3.